McKean Miner.

VOLUME XX. SMETHPORT, PA., THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 8, 1883. NUMBER 12

THE McKEAN MINER.

H. F. BARBOUR, Proprietor.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

M'KEAN LODGE, No. 353, F. & A. M., meets in the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

J. A. HOLDER, W. M.

M. SMITH, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 138, meets every Tuesday evening in the Masonic Hall.

H. L. BURLINGAME, M. W.

WARLEY GIFFORD, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Thursday evening at Masonic Hall.

C. H. BECKWITH, N. G.

W. H. WETHERALD, Sec'y.

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METHODIST.—E. F. [illegible], pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Class Meeting directly after morning services. Prayer Meetings on Tuesday evenings at 7 p. m. Sabbath School every Sabbath immediately after the morning service.

BAPTIST.—[illegible], pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 6 p. m. Sabbath School directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m.

EPISCOPAL.—J. MERER MCCANDLESS, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH.—J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a.m. Vespers service at 11.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

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Clerk Burgess—S. J. Gifford.
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Constable—Frank Kerns.
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Judge of Election—S. Harden.
Inspectors—John Beckwith, S. J. Gifford.
Treasurer—O. M. Smith.

Official Directory.

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Additional Judge.—A. G. Olmsted, Coudersport, Potter Co.
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State Senator.—L. Emery, Jr., Bradford.
Member of Assembly.—David Sterrett, Smethport.
District Attorney.—E. Mathewman, Smethport.
Sheriff.—A. I. Wilcox, Bradford.
Prothonotary.—John B. Brawley, Bradford.
County Treasurer.—J. W. Brennan, Smethport.
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County Clerk.—John R. Shoemaker, Smethport.
Jury Commissioners.—M. C. Mullin, O. P. Cook.
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Regular Terms of Court.—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday of December.

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SELECT POETRY.

WE CAN MAKE HOME HAPPY.

Though we may not change the cottage
For a mansion tall and grand,
Or exchange a little green plat
For a boundless stretch of land—
Yet there's something brighter, nearer,
Than the wealth we'd then command.

Though we have no means to purchase
Costly pictures, rich and rare,
Though we have no silken hangings
For the walls so cold and bare—
We can hang them o'er with garlands,
For flowers bloom everywhere.

We can always make home cheerful
If the right course we begin;
We can make its location happy
And their truest blessings win,
It will make thereafter seem brighter
When the evening hours set in.

We can bless our hearts and unions
In a happy, united song;
We can guide some erring brother,
Lead him from the path of wrong.

We may fill our home with music
And with sunshine brimming o'er,
If against all dark intruders
We will firmly shut the door—
Yet, should evil's shadows enter,
We must love each other more.

There are treasures so far the lowly,
Which the greatest fail to find;
There's a chain of sweet affection
Binding friends of kindred mind
We may reap the choicest blessings
From the poorest lot assigned.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Retiring from Business.

BY BRETE HARTE.

What the Colonel's business was nobody knew, nor did anybody care particularly. He purchased for cash only, and never grumbled at the price of anything he wanted; who could do more than that?

Curious people occasionally wondered how, when it had been fully two years since the Colonel, with every one else, abandoned Dutch Creek to the Chinese, he managed to spend money freely and to lose considerably at cards and horse-races. In fact, the keeper of that one of the Challenge Hill saloons which the Colonel did not patronize was once heard to wonder, absently-mindedly, whether the Colonel hadn't a money-mill somewhere, where he turned out eagles and "slugs" (the cutest name for $50 gold pieces.)

When so important a personage as a bartender indulged publicly in the idea, the inhabitants of Challenge Hill, like good Californians everywhere, considered themselves in duty bound to give it grave consideration; so, for a few days, certain industrious professional gentlemen who won money of the Colonel carefully weighed some of the brightest pieces and tested them with acids, and sawed them in two, and retired them, and melted them up, and had the lumps assayed.

The result was a complete vindication of the Colonel and a loss of considerable custom by the indignant bar keeper.

The Colonel was as good-natured a man as had ever been known on Challenge Hill, but being mortal the Colonel had his occasional times of despondency, and one of them occurred after a series of races in which he had staked his all on his bay mare, Tipsie, and had lost.

Looking reproachfully at his beloved animal, he failed to heed the aching void of his pockets, and drinking deeply, swearing eloquently and glaring defiantly at all mankind were equally unproductive of coin.

The boys at the saloon sympathized most feelingly with the Colonel. They were unceasing in their invitations to drink, and they exhibited considerable Christian forbearance when the Colonel savagely disrelated with every one who advanced any proposition, no matter how incontrovertable. But unappreciated, sympathy grows decidedly tiresome to the giver, and it was with a feeling of relief that the boys saw the Colonel stride out of the saloon, mount Tipsie and gallop furiously away.

Riding on horseback has always been considered an excellent cure of convulsion, and riding is universally admitted to be one of the most healthful exhilarations in the world. When a man is so absorbed in his exercise that he will not stop to speak to a friend, and when his exhilaration is so complete that he forms his eyes from well-meaning thumbs protruding significantly into doorways through which a man has often passed while making hearing inferences, it is but natural that people should express some wonder.

The Colonel was well known at Tuddy Flat, Lone Hand, Blazer's, Murderer's Bar and several other villages through which he passed. As no one had been seen to precede him, betting men were seen offering odds that the Colonel was running away from somebody.

Strictly speaking they were wrong, but they won all the money that had been staked against them, for within half an hour there passed over the same road an anxious-looking individual who rushed up in front of the principal saloon of each place and asked if the Colonel had passed.

Had the gallant Colonel known that he was followed, and by whom, there would have been an extra election held at the latter place very shortly after, for the pursuer was the constable, and for all officers of the law the Colonel possessed hatred.

On galloped the Colonel, following the stage road, which threaded the old mining camps on Dutch Creek, but suddenly he turned out of the road and urged his horse through the young pines and bushes, which grew thickly by the road, while the constable galloped on to the next camp.

There seemed to be no path through the thicket into which the Colonel had turned, but Tipsie walked between the trees and shrubs as if they were familiar objects of her stable yard.

Suddenly a voice from the bushes shouted: 'What's up?'

'Business—that's what.'

'It's time,' replied the voice, and its owner—a bearded six-footer—emerged from the bushes and stroked Tipsie's nose with the freedom of an old acquaintance. 'We hain't had a nip since last night, and there hain't a cracker or a handful of flour in the shanty. The gal go back on yer?'

'Yes,' replied the Colonel ruefully; 'lost every blasted cent. 'Twon't her fault—blame her—she done her level best. Everybody to home?'

'You bet,' said the man. 'All hum's a-prayin' for yer to turn up with the stake an' squealin' with mean noise when

[illegible]

the Colonel [illegible]. And the trio affectionately flung themselves before a log fire, in front of which sat three unkempt, disconsolate individuals, who looked appealingly at the Colonel.

'Mack'll tell yer how it was fellers,' said the Colonel meekly, 'while I pocket the mare.'

The Colonel was absent but a few moments, but when he returned each of the four was attired with pistol and knife, while Mack was distributing some dominoes made from a rather dirty flour sack.

'Tain't so late as all that, is it?' inquired the Colonel.

'Better be an hour ahead than a mile in this ere night,' said one of the four. 'I ain't been so thirsty since we came round the horn in '50 an' we ran short of water. Somebody'll get hurt if there ain't any bitters in the old concern—they will or my name ain't Perkins!'

'Don't count on your chickens 'fore they're hatched, Perky,' said one of the crowd, as he adjusted his domino under the rim of his hat. 'S'posin there should be too many for us?'

'Skiddy, middy, Cranks!' remonstrated the Colonel. 'Nobody ever gets along if they 'low themselves to be sheered.'

'Fact,' chimed in the smallest and thinest man in the party. 'The Bible says somethin' mighty hot 'bout that. I disremember exactly how it goes, but I'v hern parson Bunny, down in Maine, preach a rippin' old sermon many a time. The old man never thort what a comfort them sermons was agin' to be in a road agent, though. The time we stopped Slim Like's stage and he didn't have no more manners than to draw on me, them sermons were a perfect blessing to me—the thorns of 'em cleaned my head as quick as a cocktail. As '—'

'I don't want to dispute Logroller's pious straus,' interrupted the Colonel; 'but as it's old Black that's arrivin' to-day instead of Slim Like, and as it's Old Black allers makes his time, hadn't we better vamose?'

The door of the shanty was hastily closed and the men fled through the thicket until near the road, when they marched rapidly on in parallel lines with it. After about a half an hour, Perkins, who was leading, halted and wiped his perspiring brow with his shirt sleeve.

'Far enough from home now,' said he. 'Tain't no use bein' a gentleman if yer have to work to hard.'

'Safe enough, I reckon,' replied the Colonel. 'We'll do the resat; I'll halt 'em, Logroller tend to the driver, Cranks take the boot, and Mack and Pork takes right and left. An' I know its tough—but consideria' how everlastin' eternal hard up we are, I reckon we'll have to ask contributions from the ladies, too, if there's any aboard—eh, boys?'

'Reckon so,' replied Logroller, with a chuckle that seemed to inspire his black domino with a wrinkle or two. 'What's the use of women's rights if they don't ever have a chance of exercisin' em? Havin' their purses borrowed I'd show 'em the full doctrine in a brax new light.'

'Come, come, boys, interrupted the Colonel, 'that's the crack of Old Black's whip; pink your bush—quick! All jump when I whistle.'

Each man secreted himself near the roadside. The stage came swinging along handsomely; those inside were laughing heartily at something, and Old Black was just giving a delicate touch to the flank of the off leader when the Colonel gave a shrill, quick whistle and five men sprang into the road.

The horses stopped as suddenly as if it were a matter of common occurrence. Old Black dropped his reins, uttered his legs and stared into the sky, and the passengers all put out their heads with a rapidity equalled only by that with which they withdrew them as they saw the dominoes and revolvers of the road agents.

'Seems to be something the matter, gentlemen,' said the Colonel blandly as he opened the door. 'Won't you please get out? 'Don't trouble yourself to draw,' 'cos my friend here's got his weapon cocked an' his finger's rather nervous. Ain't got a handkerchief, hev yer?' asked he of the first passenger who descended from the stage. 'Hev? Well, now, that's lucky. Just part yer hands behind yer, please—so—that's it.' And the unfortunate gentleman's arms were securely tied behind in an instant.

The remaining passengers were treated with similar courtesy, and the Colonel and his friends examined the pockets of the captives. Old Black remained unmolested, for who ever heard of a stage driver having money?

'Boys,' said the Colonel, calling his brother agents aside and consulting 'em'selyes, 'taint much of a haul: has there's only one woman, and she's old enough to be a father's grandmother.'

'Like enough, she'll pan out more than all the rest of the stage put together,' growled Cranks, carefully testing the thickness of the case of the gold watch. 'Just like the dumbfoundness of some fellers to hire an old woman to carry their money, as it'd go safer. Bubbs when she's got she's sudden,' to some fellers that's got hymns that can win money at euchre, but—

The Colonel abruptly ended the conversation, and approached the stage. He was very chivalrous, but Crank's sarcastic reference to Tipsie needed avenging, and as he could not consistently with business arrangements put an end to Cranks, the only lady would have to suffer.

'I beg your pardon ma'am,' said the Colonel, raising his hat politely with one hand while he drew open the coach door with the other, 'but we are taking up a collection for some deserving object. We was goin' to make the gentlemen fork over the hull amount, but as they ain't got enough, we will hev to bother you.'

The old lady trembled, felt for her pocket-book and raised her veil. The Colonel looked into her face, slammed the stage door, and sliding on the back of one of the [illegible]

[illegible] pay, and with a face full of gratified impudity.

'Ho—you,' said the Colonel demurely. 'That is, unless 'um and let the stage go ahead,' he continued, springing to his feet. 'I'll hurry back to the cabin.' And the Colonel dashed into the bushes and left his fellows so paralyzed with astonishment that Old Black afterward remarked that if there'd been anybody to attend to the horses he could have cleaned out the hull crowd with his whip.

The passengers, relieved of their weapons, were unbound, allowed to enter the stage, and the door was slammed, upon which Old Black picked up his reins as if he had laid them down at the station while the horses were being changed, then cracked his whip and the stage rolled off, while Colonel's party hastened back to their hut, fondly inspecting as they went certain flasks they had obtained while transacting their business with the occupants of the stage.

Great was the astonishment of the road agents as they entered their hut, for there stood the Colonel in a clean white shirt and in a suit of clothing made from the limited spare wardrobes of the other members of the band.

But the suspicious Cranks speedily subordinated his wonder to his prudence, as laying on the table a heavy purse he exclaimed:

'Come, Colonel, business before pleasure, let's divide and scatter. Ef anyone should hear about it, and find our trail, an' hatch the traps in our possession, they might——'

'Divide yourselves,' said the Colonel, with abruptness and a great oath, 'I don't want none of it.'

'Colonel,' said Perkins, removing his domino and looking as keenly into the leader's face, 'be you sick? Here's some bully brandy which I found in the passengers' pockets.'

'It hasn't nothing,' replied the Colonel with averted eyes. 'I'm goin' to retire from business forever.'

'Ain't goin' to turn evidence?' cried Cranks, grasping a pistol on the table.

'I'm going to make a head mine of you if you don't take that back!' roared the Colonel, with a bound that caused Cranks to drop the pistol and retire precipitately, apologizing as he went. 'I'm going to attend to my own business, and that's enough to keep anybody busy. Somebody lend me $50 till I see him agin.'

Perkins pressed the money into the Colonels hand, and within two minutes the Colonel was on Tipsie's back and galloped off in the direction the stage had taken.

He overtook it, passed it, and still he galloped on.

The people at Mad Gulch knew the Colonel well and made it a rule not to be surprised at anything he did; but they made an exception to the rule when the Colonel canvassed the principle barrooms for men who wished to buy a horse, and when a gambler who was flush obtained Tipsie for 30 slugs—only $1,000, when he had always said there wasn't gold enough on top of the ground to buy her—Mad Gulch experienced a decided sensation.

But when the Colonel, after remaining in the barber shop for half an hour, emerged with his face cleanly shaved and his hair nicely trimmed and parted, betting was so wild that a cool-headed sporting man speedily made a fortune by betting against every theory that had been advanced.

Then the Colonel made a tour of the stores and fitted himself with a new suit of clothes, carefully eschewing all of the gorgeous patterns and [illegible] colors up-dear to the average miner. He bought a silver hat and put on a pair of boots, and pressed his finger softly, and strangers and [illegible] all he mildly declined all invitations to drink.

[illegible] the Colonel stood in the door of the principle saloon, where the stage always stopped, the Challenge hill constable was seen to approach the Colonel and tap him on the shoulder, upon which all the men who had bet that the Colonel was dodging somebody stalked the stakes. But those who stood near the Colonel heard the constable say:

'Colonel, I take it all back. When I used you go out of Challenge Hill it come to me that you might be in the road agent business, so I followed you—duty, you know. But when I used you tell Tipsie I knew I was on the wrong trail. I wouldn't suspect you now if all the stages in the country were robbed; and I'll give you satisfaction any way you want it?'

'It's all right,' said the Colonel with a smile. The constable afterwards said that nobody had any idea of how constantly the Colonel smiled when his beard was off.

Suddenly the stage pulled up to the door with a crash, and the male passengers hurried into the saloon in a state of utter indignation and impatiently. The story of the robbery astounded everybody, and during the excitement, the Colonel slipped out quietly and opened the door of the stage. The old lady started and cried:

'George!'

And the Colonel jumped into the stage and putting his arm tenderly around the trembling form of the old lady, exclaimed.

'Mother.'

Wheels of Justice Clogged.

Last year the Erie county jury deserters went to pot because the commissioners had sealed the jury wheel with gum instead of wax. The whole army of grand and traverse jurors was quashed and justice forced to sit back for three months. At the February term of this year the same causes which recently interrupted our courts postponed the jury trials in Erie; and now, that new juries have been drawn up there, it is discovered that the commissioners made their drawing illegal, because in drawing the names from the wheel they pushed [illegible] into an envelope enough [illegible] names [illegible] the grand jury venire. Disqualification of color, religion, or politics, as required by law.

Mr Beecher Denounced.

The Rev. Arthur Pierson, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church of Indianapolis, of which Henry Ward Beecher was the pastor many years ago, created something of a sensation Sunday by referring to Beecher's lecture there. He lamented the fact that Christ's people were carried away by the sleek of the learned gentleman's dissertations, and added: "I felt ashamed to have such grand doctrines as the inspiration of the Holy Scriptures, and such awful truths as the final punishment of the ungodly travestied and held up to ridicule, and I felt especially humiliated that I should be the successor of that man as pastor of the Second Presbyterian church." Here the audience broke out in unrestrainable applause, showing that Mr. Beecher's tenets have not the unqualified approval of his old Indianapolis friends. Dr. Pierson afterward privately renounced his strong opinions, and was warmly congratulated by many of the prominent ministers for his bold stand.

A Bridge Two Miles Long.

Vanderbilt's new railroad is to connect with the Lebanon Valley road at Harrisburg, near the round house. The plan of the bridge over the Susquehanna exhibits a continuation from a point south of the Northern Central railway to the point at the round house, where it will connect with the Philadelphia and Reading railroad, of what can be called a continuous bridge about two miles long. The first abutment will be south of the Northern Central railway tracks, the second at the Cumberland shore of the river, whence the bridge will be carried by a series of piers to the Harrisburg shore of the river, where a third abutment will be erected, from which the track will pass at an elevation high enough to clear the Pennsylvania railroad tracks, canal and Paxton creek, to the point on the Reading railroad named, the grade between the point on the Cumberland side of the river and the round house being not more than one foot to the mile.

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It was recently announced that Rev. Father Walsh would send over contributions to the amount of $12,000 for the relief of the suffering Irish, and there was a feeling of respect for the contributors, but understandably it is now stated that the money has been sent, not to relieve the distress, but to aid the operations of the Land League; that is to say, to furnish such men as those now on trial in Dublin either with means of defence or of escape after the commission of some crime. It is said but a stern fact that such a disposition of any spare cash that the Irish-American citizens have at their disposal while their countrymen and women are starving must go towards leaving any opposite for relief elsewhere.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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of the very best quality at the very lowest prices. Chopping work done on short notice.

Main St., SMETHPORT, PA.

Business Cards.

Hotels.

WRIGHT HOUSE.

Main St., SMETHPORT, PA.

B. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

First Class in every Respect.

This House is recently built, and is furnished with all the convenient modern conveniences. A small sample and trial will convince you that this is the best. Rates reasonable.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

[illegible] Prop'r.

FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.

Tables and Bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. Rates reasonable.

PICARD'S HOTEL,

MAIN STREET,

Smethport, - Pa.

M. H. PICARD, - Proprietor.

RATES REASONABLE.

This hotel stands nearly opposite the Court House, and is fitted up in modern style. All the conveniences of a first class house. A small sample room kept here for commercial travelers.

Exchange Hotel.

NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT, SMETHPORT, PA.

J. H. SOWERS, Proprietor.

This Hotel is recently made and furnished in all respects for the comfort and convenience of the traveling public.

BENTON HOUSE.

Larrabees, Pa.

P. J. TICKERY, - Prop't.

Located directly opposite the N. C. & B. and R. N. Y. & P. R. R. depots. The house has recently been rebuilt and newly furnished in the most modern style and is now a first class house.

SARTWELL HOUSE,

Port Allegany, Pa.

S. C. SARTWELL, - PROPRIETOR

The above House has been recently Rebuilt Refurnished and Refitted in the Latest Style for the convenience of Guests.

BRADFORD HOUSE,

350 Exchange, Cor. Louisiana St.,

Opposite the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. Depot

BUFFALO, N. Y.

ED. SEIL, - - - Proprietor

AKIN HOUSE,

No. 8, Washington St.,

BRADFORD, PA.,

MARION AKIN, Proprietor.

Terms, $1 Per Day

Liberal terms to Commercial Travelers. Good Livery and Feed Stables connected with the House.

Pierce House,

(Near N. B. & E. R. R. Depot.)

Water St., - - - - Smethport, Pa.

A. H. PIERCE, Proprietor.

Restaurant, Lunch Counter and Refined Parlors connected. Everything new, having been just completed. Change your residence.

Broezel's Hotel,

cor. Seneca and Wells Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

First Class in every respect.

John Broezel - Prop'r.

SCOTT HOUSE

E. L. SCOTT, - Proprietor,

Port Allegany, Pa.

Business Cards.

S. A. BISHOP,

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,

Smethport, Pa.

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for said Estate as long [illegible] Is also agent for the Bingham Land Office, in Wellsboro, Pa. Office [illegible]

IN THE GRAND CENTRAL BLOCK

ROBT. H. ROSE,
Agent of the Trustees.

WELLSBORO, Dec. 25, 1882.

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WELLSBORO, Penn'a, Nov'r 8, 1882.

All persons who have bought or leased lands of the estate of [illegible] deceased, or who have settled upon any of the lands of said estate, or who have cut timber on the same, are hereby notified that all such contracts, leases, settlements and cutting of timber are illegal and void, and that all

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., March 8, 1883.

THOUGH the tariff bill as finally passed by Congress is not as perfect as it might be it is generally satisfactory. The democrats in Congress did all they could to impede its passage, and that any kind of a bill was passed is wholly due to the republican members. Faulty as the bill is in some respects, it is better that it should pass and the business of the country be relieved from the uncertainty and depressing effects of continual agitation

If we remember correctly, an obscure Buffalo lawyer was last fall washed into the Gubernatorial chair of the great State of New York by a wave of "reform." Thousands of republicans were induced to vote for him in preference to their own candidate, a man of national fame and unchallenged uprightness; and we think very few of them could at this day tell why they did it. But Cleveland was elected, and in gratitude to the people who hoisted him into the seat once honored by statesmen he takes the first opportunity to obey the behests of the most soulless and burdensome monopoly in his State. A bill passed by the legislature compelling the elevated railroads of New York city to reduce their fares to five cents, is promptly vetoed by this supplant tool of Tilden, Gould and the Field family. As the New York *Herald* aptly expresses it: "Governor Cleveland has made his choice as a lawyer, as a public officer and as a politician. He has cast his lot on the side of the great corporations and corporate manipulators, and staked his chances for future political preferment on their favor."

The present discussion of the county poorhouse question is first for the purpose of getting the matter before the people and in shape for an expression of public opinion. We are informed that a large number of poormasters throughout the county have already signed the requisite preliminary petition, and that there is little doubt but enough signatures will be obtained to bring the matter before the court and obtain an order for an election under the provisions of the law of 1879. The position of the county commissioners in the matter is a passive one. They are required to take no action in the matter until authorized by a vote of the people in favor of a change of the poor system. Until that time the commissioners have nothing more to do about it and are no more interested than other citizens and tax payers. While they are willing to undertake anything in the line of their duties, they are not seeking new labors and responsibilities. As to the question whether a change from the present system of caring for our poor would be wise as a measure of public economy, as well as humanity we think there can be but one opinion. It is roughly estimated that the poor tax of last year in the different districts of the county aggregated fully $40,000. The record of county poor houses is that they are nearly, if not wholly self-sustaining. We are informed on good authority that the poor farm of Erie county last year was not only self sustaining, but furnished a revenue above all expenses of three or four hundred dollars. If the county could be relieved of an annual tax of $30,000 or $40,000 by a change of the system it is well worth trying and will well repay the original outlay for a poor house and farm. As a measure of humanity the proposed change commends itself very highly to every good citizen. Many poor people who are now town charges are aged and infirm and need plenty of warmth and nourishing food. By the present system of farming them out to the lowest bidder it is easy to see that these requisites cannot and will not be furnished. The present system is a relic of barbarism, at any rate, and should be done away with. Let us have a comfortable poor house and well adapted farm, where the able bodied paupers can be made to earn their living and the aged, infirm and helpless be properly cared for, and we will have made a step in advance in civilization.

The Tariff Bill Passed.

The country is to be congratulated on the outcome of the long and tedious debate on the tariff. The bill agreed to by the conferees of the senate and house was passed on Saturday by both houses. It is not a perfect revision of the tariff by any means, but it is a very fair bill and grants relief where greatly needed in the desired way. Two very important facts are accomplished. A reduction of about $70,000,000 in taxation is secured and the treasury department is relieved to that extent of surplus revenues that it is at a loss to know how to dispose of. More than half the reduction is on internal revenue taxes. The leading items are matches, $5,500,000; patent medicines and perfumery, $2,000,000; bank checks, $2,200,000; bank deposits, $4,000,000; bank capital, $6,700,000; tobacco, $23,000,000. The greatest reduction in the tariff list will be upon sugars, the revenue from which will be reduced $11,000,000 a year by the bill. A large addition to the free list and the rates on hundreds of other articles have been reduced.

The passage of the bill will relieve the country from tariff agitation for a time at least, a relief that is generally needed. It is too early to judge as to the practical effect of the measure, but whatever it may be the republican party is responsible for it. The democrats in both houses threw every obstacle in the way of the bill and finally voted almost solidly against it, only 16 of the 152 affirmatives votes being cast by the democrats. By dilatory motions and filibustering they prevented a more thorough consideration of the bill, and are therefore responsible for existing crudities that a more thorough discussion would have revealed.

The law takes effect as to the bank tax, matches, perfumery, and medicinal preparations on the 1st of next July, as to sugar June 1st and tobacco May 1st. —Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser*.

THE N. Y., R. & P.

THE NORTHERN RAILROAD AND NAVIGATION PROJECT REVIVED—THE ROAD TO BE BUILT—WHAT IT IS AND WHERE IT IS.

Among the columns of press despatches in the daily papers of last Friday appeared the following from Harrisburg:

Charles R. Earley, president of the New York, Ridgway and Pittsburg railroad company, in accordance with the act of assembly touching the increase of the capital stock and indebtedness of corporations, made a return in the office of the secretary of the commonwealth yesterday that the New York, Ridgway and Pittsburg railroad company has, with the consent and authority of stockholders, increased its capital stock $3,000,000. There are 60,000 shares.

To the citizens of McKean and Elk counties this simple announcement is fraught with more than passing interest. In 1867, in the days before the new constitution had closed the bars to special legislation for the development of the wealth of the commonwealth, certain far-seeing citizens of this borough and county secured the passage of an act of legislature incorporating the Northern Railroad and Navigation Company. The charter privileges of this company were very valuable. The company was authorized to build a road from the New York State line, at or near Corry, to connect with the Allegany Valley and Philadelphia & Erie roads; to establish slack water navigation on the upper Allegheny, build canals and charge toll on all freights; to build branches in all parts of McKean Cameron and Elk counties; to open and operate mines; to accept lands in payment of its capital stock and issue a million and a half of seven per cent. bonds secured by mortgage. There were numerous supplements to the original act, one of which allows a million and a half additional bonds at eight per cent., another confers authority to connect with any road built or to be built in Clearfield and Jefferson counties, and another in 1873, authorizes and ratifies the consolidation of the company with the Rochester, Nunda & Pennsylvania Railroad.

Upon the consolidation with the R. N. & Pa. the line was surveyed and a large amount of work done, several miles of track being graded between this place and the State line, but the rails were never laid, and in July, 1881 the road and its franchises were sold at sheriff's sale on judgment obtained in the McKean county court for $35, John C. Backus, of this borough being the purchaser. The McKean & Buffalo, running almost parallel with the proposed line to Clermont, was soon completed, the New York parties connected with the R. N. & Pa., failed to meet their engagements, and the project failed for a time. The valuable rights and franchises of the original charter were, however, held intact, and a few years after the New York, Ridgway, & Pittsburgh railroad company was formed to operate under the provisions of this charter. The proposed road will be 135 miles in length, extending from Wellsville, N. Y. to Ceres, thence following the line of the Rochester, Nunda & Pa. and what was called the "Turkey Path" surveys, to connect with the New York & Erie again at Johnsonsburg, thence through Ridgway to Falls Creek on the low grade division on the Allegany Valley. C. R. Early, of Ridgway, is President of the company, Lucius Rogers, of Harrisburg, is Secretary, and the other directors of the company are ex-Gov. Andrew G. Curtin, Wm. N. Stewart, J. A. Kershaw, and Geo. Ball of Philadelphia. Mr. Rogers is reported as saying that it is proposed to issue three million dollars worth of bonds and build the road without delay. The negotiations have been in project for some time and arrangements are already perfected for placing the bonds. No road in the state, under the generous provisions of the original charter would possess more advantages; and running, as it would, through the richest bituminous coal and lumber sections of the state, giving a direct through line from Rochester and Buffalo, to Pittsburgh, furnishing an outlet to the seaboard fifty miles nearer than by any other route, no other road connecting the two great States would be more important or more profitable. There is every reason to believe that the work will soon be commenced and actively prosecuted to completion.

Death of Governor Stephens.

Gov. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, died at his residence in Atlanta last Sunday morning. He was born in Taliafero county, Georgia, February 11, 1813, and was at the time of his death 71 years and 21 days old. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1834. He first entered the legislature in 1836 and was elected five successive years. In 1842 he was elected to the state senate, and in 1843 he was sent to congress as a Whig, and held his seat till 1859, when he announced his retirement from public life. During the canvass of 1860 he sustained Douglass. He opposed secession, but was forced to go with the south. He was made a member of the confederate congress and soon after was chosen vice president, but often differed with the policy of Jeff Davis. After Lee's surrender he returned to his home at Crawfordville, Georgia. Soon after he was chosen to the United States senate, but as he had not complied with the conditions of reconstruction he was not permitted to take his seat. In 1872 he was elected to congress, and re-elected, almost without opposition, up to XLVIIth congress. On retiring he was chosen governor of Georgia last fall by a large majority. He also published a number of books, his work on the rebellion being his greatest. Mr. Stephens was a sagacious, far-seeing and liberal minded statesman, and his death is a great loss to his state and the nation.

Reaping the Fruits of Their Folly.

The editor of the Philadelphia *Press* is down at Washington, sitting on his hind legs and howling for a leader to marshal the republican forces in the desperate battle waged for protection and free trade. A few brief months since, this same editor was denouncing party leaders as "bosses," and demanding that they be "unloaded." He, and such as he, by their purvicest denunciations of and hostility to certain prominent Republicans, demoralized the party, and made the election of Democratic Governors in New York and Pennsylvania, together with a majority of Democratic members of Congress, possible, and now, when the legitimate result of this folly is being reaped, when our industries are paralyzed with dread of an impending crash, Democratic Congress, and free trade [illegible] at Washington are placing Pennsylvania's greatest manufacturing interest at the British competitors, he feebly wrings his hands, and cries for "Blucher" to save us from utter route, and the miserable consequences of his own arrant folly.—*Somerset Herald*.

Personal and Political.

General Simon Cameron celebrated the 84th anniversary of his birthday Tuesday.

Russell Errett is a lucky man. When he closed out business as a congressman Saturday he was appointed pension agent at Pittsburg.

Senator Cameron, who is about to undergo an operation for hemorrhoids, will sail for Europe about the first of May if his health will permit.

Secretary Folger has given instructions that the word "Cents" be added to the new five cent piece in order to meet the requirements of law.

Governor Stoneman, of California issued his first pardon to a man who was sent to prison for stealing to keep his sick children from starving.

Governor Patterson would send the Attorney General to the extreme corners of the State to collect a $35 debt. It would not be economy to hire a local attorney.

Representative Hazzard, of Vermont, is in training for the Democratic nomination for State Treasurer this year. Some really good men occasionally commit political suicide.

The Bucks county *Intelligencer* objects to the custom of assessing real estate below its real value, and it does not make the taxes any lighter and lowers foreign appreciation of the neighborhood.

It is estimated that the internal revenue tax will be reduced from forty to sixty millions of dollars annually by the passage of the tax bill. There should have been a reduction two or three years ago.

James Gillilan, treasurer of the United States, has tendered his resignation to the President through the secretary of treasury, to take effect upon the 1st proximo. Mr. Gillilan has accepted the position of treasurer and manager of the Mutual Trust company of New York, at a higher salary.

The regulars told the voters last fall that the tariff "was" an issue in Pennsylvania. The kickers said it was a "boss" lie. Congress has demonstrated that the regulars were right. Now the dupes can "chew their cuds" with bitter chagrin. But the "bosses" are too charitable to laugh at their mortification.

Senator Cameron is reported in a critical state of health. He has refused to permit a necessary surgical operation, for fistula, for weeks because he would not neglect his Senatorial duties. As a consequence the operation will now be attended with great danger. He will visit South Carolina where the operation will be performed.

The men who tried their best to break the Union up die hard. Jubal Early, addressing the Maryland—rebel—line the other day, harranged his hearers in the following style:

"I trust that every faithful soldier of the Army of Northern Virginia is ready to exclaim with me: 'If I ever disown, repudiate, or apologize for the cause—human slavery, secession and rebellion—for which Lee fought and Jackson died, let the lightnings of Heaven blast me, and the scorn of all good men and true women be my portion!"

Colonel A. K. McClure, of the Philadelphia *Times*, was arrested at Harrisburg last Friday on the charge of libel, on the oath of John Gallagher, a watchman at the capitol. The suit is the outgrowth of articles published in the *Times* in reference to Irish Catholic circulars distributed during the recent gubernatorial campaign, purported to have been signed by Gallagher and others. Mc Clure gave bail in $500 to appear at the April term of court.

Selling at Cost.

In order to reduce my stock to make room for Spring Goods I am now selling my stock of Gents' Furnishing Goods at cost prices. These goods are all clean and fresh and worth nearly as much to the purchaser as when first put on the shelves, and can now be bought at greatly reduced prices. If any of my old friends and patrons are in want of hosiery, underwear, neck-scarfs, or anything in the line of furnishing goods they can save money by taking advantage of this opportunity, and I shall be pleased to give them some good bargains at very low prices. Call in, at any rate, and see what you can do.

Respectfully,
H. W. RUBIN.
Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

WINDING UP THE CLOCK.

WHEN THE WEARY WHEELS WERE ALMOST STILL, A LUCKY ACCIDENT REVEALS THE LOST KEY.

"How long did you say it had been?"
"Twenty-five years."
"What a load enough, with occasional attacks of bronchitis, for twenty-five years? Why, man, it's a mercy that there's a dozen pounds left of you."

Abraham Orman, of Highspire, Dauphin County, Pa., stood, to his statement, and when the exclamations of wonder ceased, added:

"Exactly. You're right. It is a mercy. But the greatest mercy of all is that, hearing of it, my friend sent me a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic, and a few bottles set it about me."

"Saved you? Instruction, you mean?"
"I mean what I say; I saved me," said Mr. Orman, simply. "I feel like another man."

Please take especial notice: Parker's Ginger Tonic is not a mere essence of ginger; it is a most scientific. The ordinary preparations of ginger are beneficial for transient ailments, but at that point their value ends. Parker's Ginger Tonic serves a far wider and vastly different field. It attacks and dissipates radical and chronic diseases of the Lungs, Kidneys, Liver and Nerves. It is as distinctive to the palate as it is prompt and effective in operation. Ginger is only one among powerful curatives which the Tonic holds in combination. Test its virtues for that cough or fever, or for any of the ills which require an invigorant for the whole system.

And, above all, do not permit yourself to be misled. Parker's Ginger Tonic stands alone. Nothing else is "just the same," or "just as good." Price $1 at Druggists, or large size, $1.75. Hiscox & Co., New York.

In the Whole History of Medicine

No preparation has ever performed such marvellous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation, as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Its long-continued series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in throat and chest disorders, makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will. From their knowledge of its composition and operation, physicians use the Cherry Pectoral extensively in their practice, and clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its healing effects, and will always cure where cures are possible.

For sale by all druggists.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall st., N. Y.

Ramsay's Pills—Comforting to the Sick. Thousands die from neglect to properly treat Impure Blood, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick-Headache, Fever, Chills, Blood Diseases, Dropsy, and Malarial Poisons. Just to the doubting, we will send, with each package of PILLS, our pamphlet, "SURE WAY TO HEALTH," which contains additional testimony to that received by no other remedy. Sent by mail for 25 cents. Send 25 cents (3 stamps) to Ramsay, Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all druggists.

MASONIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE!
Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

FURNITURE

of all kinds and of

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on Hand.

Friends and patrons are invited

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF LEVARI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county to me directed, I will expose to public sale on the premises described below, in the City of Bradford, on

MONDAY, MARCH 26th, 1883

at 3 o'clock p. m.

All that certain tract or parcel of land situate in the city of Bradford, McKean county, Pennsylvania, and described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the southwest corner of the premises hereby described upon the north side of Bishop street and at the southeast corner of land of S. B. Shaw; said running thence northerly by said Shaw's land one hundred and sixty-five feet; thence westerly in a line at right angle with the last described line forty feet; thence southerly in a line parallel with the first described line one hundred and sixty-five feet to said Bishop street; thence along the north line of said Bishop street westerly to the point of beginning. Together with the buildings thereon and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Chauncey M. Barrington, at the suit of Fred. D. Masterson, use of Harvey Hill.

WOLFE & GRUBER, Pff's Att'y.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., March 5, 1883.
A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF LEVARI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, to me directed, I will expose to public sale on the premises described below, in the city of Bradford, on

MONDAY, MARCH 26th, 1883

at 3 o'clock p. m.

All that certain piece, parcel or lot of land situate lying and being in the city of Bradford, county of McKean, Pennsylvania, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the north line of Forman street two hundred thirteen and 6-10 feet (213 6-10) feet west of northwest corner of Kennedy and Forman streets; thence northerly and parallel with said Kennedy street one hundred (100) feet; thence westerly parallel with Forman street (60) feet; the rear of Lot No. 1; thence southerly one hundred (100) feet to a post, the north line Forman street; thence westerly along said south line Forman street thirty (30) feet to the point of beginning, being part of lots Nos. 106 and 109 in map of Bryan, Avery & Kennedy's land, as surveyed by Geo. T. Keith, surveyor, June, A. D. 1878. Together with all and singular the appurtenances, one 2 story wooden dwelling house, no chimneys, &c., thereon and thereunto belonging.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Wm. Blakeslee at the suit of William Duke and Joseph Duke.

F. D. REEVES, Pff's Atty.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. March 5, 1883.
A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF VENDI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county and to me directed, I will expose to public sale on the premises described below, on

MONDAY, MARCH 26th, 1883

at 3 o'clock p. m.

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in the township of Bradford, in the county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the southeast corner of the premises hereby described upon the north side of Bishop street and at the southwest corner of land of S. B. Shaw; said running thence northerly by said Shaw's land one hundred and sixty-five feet; thence westerly in a line at right angle with the last described line forty feet; thence southerly in a line parallel with the first described line one hundred and sixty-five feet to said Bishop street; thence along the north line of said Bishop street easterly to the point of beginning. Together with the buildings thereon and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Chauncey M. Barrington, at the suit of Fred. D. Masterson, use of Harvey Hill.

WOLFE & GRUBER, Pff's Att'y.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., March 5, 1883.
A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

Aministrator's Notice.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Mary Jane Black, late of Foster township, McKean county, deceased, have been granted to T. A. Morrison, residing in Smethport said county, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

T. A. MORRISON, Adm'r.

Feby 22, 1883.—6t.

Administrator's Notice.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Arthur Black, late of Foster township, McKean county, deceased, have been granted to T. A. Morrison, residing in Smethport, said county, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

T. A. MORRISON, Adm'r.

Feby 22, 1883. 6t

Meat and Vegetable

MARKET!

Having recently opened a meat and Vegetable market in

SMETHPORT!

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c., always on hand.

—ALSO,—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

Highest market price paid for Hides.

G. W. WILLIAMS.

Main Street, - - - Smethport, Pa.
2647

JEWELRY

of all descriptions.

SILVER-WARE

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLERY

TOYS,

A Full Assortment.

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.

I Will match the

'ROCKFORD'

Watches against the world for time and money

All kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See us.

M. L. Armstrong,
Main St. SMETHPORT, PA.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY
SMETHPORT, PA.
COPYING AND ENLARGING
A specialty.
Landscaping and Viewing
Of all descriptions promptly attended to.
BERGSTRESSER'S

Picture Frames of all Kinds.

F. C. PIERCE,

Surgeon Dentist,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Office—Over L. W. Mason's Hardware Store, Main Street.

Preservation of natural teeth a specialty. 26cf.

A. REILLY,

Contractor in Stone Masonry, Brick Work, Lathing and Plastering.

LIME,
LATH,
PLASTER and
PLASTERING HAIR

Furnished at the LOWEST RATES

M. A. SPRAGUE'S
HARDWARE STORE,

Opposite the Grand Central.

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, House Furnishing Goods

SILVERWARE,
Cutlery, Lamps,
Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty, Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools,

In fact everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The Cheapest buyers and Best judges of what they buy consider the fact that more goods of same quality can be bought for less money at this store than any other place in the County.

A COMPETENT TINNER

Always on hand ready to do work on short notice.

TEACHERS WANTED $100 [illegible]

DEALER IN

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc.

AGENT FOR THE

White Sewing Machine

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

February 8, 1883. 6-1y

New Carriage Shop

IN SMETHPORT.

CONKLIN WAGONS,
COURTLAND PLATFORMS,
ROAD WAGONS,
CARRIAGES,
AND SLEIGHS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

None but good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.

W. H. Wetenhall.

SMETHPORT March 16, 1881.—tf.

WHY DO YOU

Go away from home to

BUY HARNESS GOODS

when you can get

BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

I employ none but

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN,

And my work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.

These goods are all hand-made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT MY SHOP and I will convince you that I can do better by you than can any bargain dealers.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa. April 26, 1879

J. C. HAMLIN,

—DEALER IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS,

OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

Customers say that J. C. Hamlin sells as good as best, if not LOWER than they can get them in any other store in the county.

SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.

Thos. R. Frisbee,

GENERAL DEALER

—IN—

DRY-GOODS,

—AND—

GROCERIES,
BOOTS & SHOES,
Flour, Feed, &c.

LUMBER & SHINGLES.

CORYVILLE,

McKEAN CO., PA.

Specht & Sasse,

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls handsomely in their profession.

L. W. MASON

WITH other

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

TO CASH BUYERS.

For the Next 60 Days,

On General

HARDWARE

STOVES and TINWARE,

HOUSEKEEPERS' HARDWARE,

CROCKERY and GLASSWARE,

In order to reduce stock and get ready for Spring Goods.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DeSILVER WELD,

OF

WELD'S CARPET HOUSE,

No. 100, MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.,

Will open on and after Monday, November 27, 1882,

Great and Unprecedented Inducements in

CARPETS, RUGS, MATS,

TOWELS, LINENS AND

HOUSEHOLD DRAPERIES.

The Largest, Finest and Most Choice Selections ever Exhibited by any one House Outside of New York. Magnificent Display in

FUR-LINED AND SILK CIRCULARS.

If You want Reliable Goods in

SEAL SKIN

SACQUES AND DOLMANS,

Remember DeSILVER WELD has the Goods at Low Prices, Also

Wolf and Bear Lap Robes.

Novelties in

Brass Goods,
Banner Stands,
Fire Screens, etc.

Special Opening in

Hassocks, Foot Rests,
Blacking Cases,
Willow and Fancy Baskets.

REMEMBER I am the Only exclusive Carpet and House Furnishing Goods Dealer in Bradford, and am bound by my sense of Reputation at home and abroad to keep on hand the finest goods and largest assortment and at the Lowest Possible Price, exclusively for Cash on delivery to all.

DeSILVER WELD.

H. W. RUBIN,

Dealer in

Gold and Silver Watches.

—JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.—

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all manner of

ENGRAVING,

and such work as belongs to the trade.

ALL WORK WARRANTED

I have also on hand a fine assortment of

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS.

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

JOHN DIGEL'S MARBLE WORKS.

Monumental and Mantel Designs

EXECUTED IN THE BEST STYLE FROM EITHER

MARBLE OR SLATE.

Water Street - - - - Smethport, Pa

SIBLEY'S SEEDS

SIBLEY'S SEED CATALOGUE

HIRAM SIBLEY & CO. Rochester, N.Y. Chicago, Ill.

MAKE HENS LAY

JAMES T. DONAHUE,

PLUMBER,

No. 3, Kennedy St., Bradford.

Lead and Iron Pipe for Water, Gas and Steam. Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Hydrants, Sinks, Pumps, &c.

FREE

E. B. FREEMAN,

General

Insurance Agent

Office over Richmond's Drug Store.

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT POLICIES.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., March 8, 1883.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

—Judge Olmsted seems to have a mind of his own in the granting of licenses.

—Mercantile Appraiser Washburne has the work of taking the appraisement nearly completed.

—License was granted the Rockwell House, provided the proprietor will at once move in and open up.

—The Lillian Cleves Combination will give "The Marble Heart in the Opera House next Monday evening. Don't forget it.

—A stormy session of the Hose Company was held last evening. To have or not to have an alarm bell appears to be the subject of dispute.

—Certain notices to be seen in King's billiard parlor indicate that Chet. does not intend to be "worked." If you cannot pay do not play.

—A bill has been passed by the legislature increasing the pay of assessors from $1 to $2 a day, and another compelling the payment of costs on appeal from aldermen and justices of the Peace.

—The first official act of Constable F. O. Wright was the arrest of Jim. Stanton, and the promptness and fearlessness of his performance of that duty is the best evidence of his fitness for the position.

—The superintendent of the poorhouse of Tioga county has made the discovery that most of the pauperism of that county is caused directly or indirectly by the use of intoxicating liquors. This is by no means a recent discovery.

—A man in Indiana will drink a half a pint of kerosene any time for half a dollar. We know several people in this county who will drink a half a pint of whiskey every day in the week, and pay for it themselves; and as a poison it discounts the Indiana fool's kerosene two to one.

—Miss M. M. Brown, the teacher in elocution, having been urged by many of her class to remain another term, wishes us to state that if a sufficient number wish the advantages of another term a class will be formed next week. This is the last opportunity as she has engagements calling her elsewhere after that time. She can be consulted at the residence of Mr. Jno. R. Shoemaker after this week.

—The citizens of Port Allegany made a determined united and successful fight against the granting of liquor licenses in that borough. The burgess and borough council were in attendance at court when the applications were heard and made formal objections, and the licences were refused. The same course will be taken at the June term. This shows how much more can be done by practical, united effort than by volumes of rhetoric and reform eloquence.

—In cribbing the account of the assault on Geo. King from the *Era* special telegram the *Star* committed the error of saying that *William* Stanton was the assailant and that the assault was the result of a heated quarrel. James Stanton, the son of William Stanton, is the criminal, and there was not any "quarrel", as King had no quarrel with his assailant. If the *Star* had appropriated the "special" entire, without an attempt to garble it into an appearance of originality these errors would have been avoided.

—Three hand squeezing, candy-eating and inexpressibly happy couples at the Opera House Tuesday evening gave occasion to much ely amusement on the part of sundry heartless young men about town. The wicked wretches who laugh at the innocent gambols and unconscious love passages of the happy turtle doves should be ashamed of themselves, and should rather pause to wipe away a tear as they are thus reminded of the days when the fresh bloom of their youth and innocence had not been blasted by contact with vice in all the mockery of its gilded fascination.

—F. H. Arnold's mare, Kitty Wood, is in John Turners stable, near Philadelphia, and in very good company judging from the list of horses in Turner's stables. The Philadelphia *Record* says: "John Turner, the well-known driver, will have the best stable of trotters to choose from this year that he has ever had—and he has had some good ones. He will have a horse for every class, and it will be strange if he don't drive some of them as winners. Most of the horses of his stable have been jogged on the road regularly from six to ten miles per day since the first of the year, and they will be worked on the Point Breeze track as soon as the weather permits." Among the list given Kitty is recorded as a "roan mare, 9 years, 15 hands, record 2:35¼ by Wood's Hambletonian."

—"Straws tell which way the wind blows", and a little matter will indicate a great truth or an important fact. A year ago the temperance people paid for the publication of all applicants for license and signers of petitions, in the county in the *Era*. Nothing was said about it and we heard no "kicking." This year the temperance people of the borough of Smethport paid for the publication of the same list, for the borough and township only, in the MINER, and the turmoil created has not yet subsided. Some went so far as to expose their own ignorance and thickheadedness by stopping their paper because their names were published. Does not this indicate that the MINER is a paper of greater importance and influence than the *Era*? We have often suspected the fact, and now we are convinced it must be so.

—A correspondent of the Olean Sunday *Mirror* says as follows of our flourishing neighbor over on the Allegany: Port Allegany, for a small town, has quite a number of manufacturing establishments. The large tannery of Root and Keating employs some eighty hands A large flouring and grist mill together with a large steam saw-mill are owned by Dolley; a hub factory, by Bard & Co.; a foundry, a planing mill with sash and door factory; a cheese factory, another tannery, of J. Ford's, and several large well-stocked stores, hotels, lawyers, doctors and priests and there are shops for the various trades, a printing office, a large school house, and three church edifices—in all making quite a borough; population about 800. Well, Port Allegany is growing. Several new buildings have been erected during the last year, including several nice dwellings.

A MURDEROUS ASSAULT.

GEO. W. KING BRUTALLY ASSAULTED BY JIM STANTON—HIS INJURIES PROBABLY FATAL.

Monday evening of this week Geo. W. King was the victim of an unprovoked and outrageous assault that is very likely to cost him his life. The perpetrator of the murderous act was one James Stanton, a graceless son of William Stanton, a farmer living near the borough. Mr. King was entirely innocent of any occasion or cause for the attack, it having entirely originated in the depraved mind of his assilant. By careful inquiry we have obtained the following facts in the case:

During the past year or so, while Mr. King has been engaged in other business, he had leased his farm to Mr. Leroy Tabor, who had permitted young Stanton to put some hay in the barn. A few weeks ago, the lease having expired, Tabor gave possession to King, and he has since been engaged in moving in and taking possession of the property. Stanton was well aware of this fact, and, in fact, had been employed by King to assist him in putting hay and straw into the barn. A few days before the occurrance of the assault Mr. King had hired the use of a horse of Fred Nourse for the coming season and had put the animal in the barn. It seems that Stanton has an old grudge against Nourse. He had not yet removed his hay from the barn, and took it into his head that he would not allow Nourse's horse to occupy the same barn with his hay. His usual condition is that of a man more or less under the influence of liquor, and he was probably in a fit condition to commit any crime on the fatal Monday afternoon. Mr. King was just sitting down to supper when Stanton came to the house and called him down to the barn. He at once demanded that Nourse's horse should be removed from the barn. King told him that it was not Nourse's horse now but was in fact his own horse as he had hired him for the season. As Stanton became more excited and ugly King tried to pacify him and avoid further trouble. The conversation took place near the open barn door and was plainly witnessed and heard by Mrs. King and some parties passing in the road. After a few moments her attention was called in another direction, but almost immediately she thought she heard the sound of a blow and looking toward the barn she saw her husband staggering to his feet, with blood running from his mouth and ears, and Stanton standing over him with a heavy pitchfork in his hands drawn as if to strike another blow. She screamed and rushed between them. Stanton said to her: "You needn't make such a fuss; he aint dead yet," and left the premises. It is evident from the position of the assailant and his victim that as King started to enter the barn door Stanton dealt the blow, and that if King had got to his feet and Mrs. King had not interfered he would have hit him the second time and no doubt killed him on the spot. Mr. King was at once taken into the house and Drs. Brown and McCoy summoned. He was able to walk about, but was entirely oblivious to his surroundings.

The news soon spread through the borough, and ex Sh'ffs C. S. King and R. Sartwell, (both of whom are relatives of the injured man) instantly repaired to the scene of the tragedy armed with a warrant and accompanied by Constable F. O. Wright. It was surmised that the would-be murderer had fled. His trail was soon discovered and the vigilant constable put on his track. He was overtaken between Itow and Knox city, on the road to Bradford, on horseback. He saw that resistance or further flight was useless and sullenly submitted when the constable informed him that he was wanted. He did not deny the crime and evidently suspected that he had killed his victim, as he remarked at Coleville on the return of the party that he "had finished the old man and when he got out of this scrape would settle the young one," meaning Mr. King's son William.

The prisoner was brought before Esq. Ford Tuesday morning. The only evidence taken was that of Dr. Brown as to the condition of the victim. The Dr. stated that he did not regain consciousness until that morning and it was impossible yet to decide with certainty whether or not the injuries would prove fatal. The prisoner was therefore remanded to await definite results of his dastardly and murderous assault. The blow was given over the left eye. The weapon used was a heavy, old fashioned pitchfork. At this writing (Thursday morning) there is no very perceptible improvement in Mr. King's condition since he regained consciousness, and the doctors report that he has an even chance for life or death.

Mr. King is one of the most respected citizens of this vicinity. He is a man of excellent character and habits, of a very quiet and mild disposition, and not in the least manner given to quarrelling or wrangling. The young villian who assaulted him is a villian in every sense of the word. His great disposition and evil habits are notorious. He has been a terror to his companions since he has been able to walk. He is even said to have threatened to kill his father with an axe, and would have done so if he had not been disarmed. At the preliminary examination his father evinced no sympathy or feeling for his graceless son in his unfortunate predicament, saying it was nothing to him, that he had done all he could for him and if he would not heed advice he must bear the consequences. Whatever may be the result of Mr. King's injuries, young Stanton is no doubt booked for a long term in the Penitentiary, and the longer it is the better will it please the community cursed by his presence, and all who have been so unfortunate as to come in contact with him.

The Lillian Cleves Combination.

The performance of the above named company at the Opera House last Tuesday evening was not as well attended as it would have been had it been more thoroughly advertised. The performance, however, was excellent. Lillian Cleves is a young actress of merit and promising future. She was well supported, and the play as a whole gave good satisfaction. The same company will appear in the Opera House again next Monday evening, in the play entitled "The Marble Heart." They should be greeted with a full house.

Quarterly Meeting

The second Quarterly meeting of this Conference year, will be held at the M. E. church next Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. O. S. Chamberlayne, Presiding Elder of the Olean District, will be present and officiate throughout. Services as follows: Preaching Saturday at 2:30 p. m., followed by the Quarterly Conference.

Prayer meeting at 7 p. m.

Love feast at 9:30 Sunday morning. Preaching at 10:30, after which the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered.

Sunday school and evening services as usual.

Base Balls.

At the annual meeting of the National base ball league in New York on Monday the playing schedule for 1883 was made up. For the benefit of those of our readers who may want to know when to take a trip to Buffalo we copy from the schedule the dates when the several league clubs will play in that city:

Chicagos—June 30, 31, 27, Aug. 11, 12, 13, 14.
Detroits—June 28, 29, 30, Aug. 17, 18, 19, 21.
Clevelands—May 5, 7, 8, Sept. 4, 5, 6, 8.
Bostons—May 15, 11, 12, July 24, 25, 26, 28.
New Yorks—May 16, 17, 18, July 21, 22, 24.
Providences—May 18, 19, 17, July 31, Aug. 1, 2, 3.
Philadelphias—May 24, 25, 26, July 27, 28, 29, 31.

Donation Visit.

The friends of Rev. E. P. Hubbell are invited to attend a donation party for his benefit at the Kittredge Opera House Thursday evening the 15th inst. Refreshments will be served during the evening. All are cordially invited to attend.

By order COM.

Unnecessary Inquests.

The law plainly signifies that it is only the duty of the coroner, or of a justice of the peace acting for him, to hold an inquest where there is strong circumstantial evidence that the deceased came to his death by an act of violence. A coroner's inquest is simply the initiatory step toward a prosecution. If death is caused by an accident, and the cause is plainly apparent there is no more reason for holding an inquest than if the deceased had died in his bed after a lingering illness. This has been the ruling of the court in many instances. Yet it is a common occurrence for inquests to be held when there are no reasons to believe there has been foul play, and when the cause of death is plainly apparent and explainable. The costs of inquests are payable by the county, after approval by the court. At the last term of court two cases were handed up to the court for approval. One was the case of Thos. Connelly at Turtle Point, and the other that Hugh McNeill, who was found dead on Prospect Hill. No objections were made to the approval of the inquest upon the body of Thos. Connelly, as it was clearly a case of death by violence and so shrouded in mystery that the evidence before a coroner's jury might aid in clearing it up and pointing out the criminal, or at least furnish some preliminary evidence that might be of future importance in his apprehension The inquest was promptly approved. In the case of McNeill the attorney for the county commissioners objected to the approval of the inquest on the ground that it was unnecessary and a needless expense, that there were no reasonable grounds for belief that death was caused by violence or foul play and hence no justifiable ground for an inquest. After some consideration the court made the following ruling:

And now March 3, 1883, this inquest is approved, but the court is of the opinion that the practice of holding inquests upon the bodies of deceased persons in cases where there are no strong circumstances indicating that the death was caused by violence should be discontinued.

BY THE COURT.

Personal Mention.

F. W. Meese, the genial landlord of Kane, made us a pleasant call to day.

R. B. Hubbell and wife, of Olean, are visiting their son, Rev. E. P. Hubbell

Sheriff Wilcox has been spending several days in New York on private business.

Charley Crawford, of Roulet, has gone to St. Louis where he has secured a situation in a real estate office.

Mr. Ball, late of Smethport, has lumber on the ground for a new carriage shop, near Welch's blacksmith shop.—*Eagle.*

Doc. Whitcomb, of Bradford, councilman from 3rd ward, called at the MINER office yesterday. The fighting editor was not in.

A. J. Hughes, the genial proprietor of the organ of the McKean democracy, took advantage of our absence and made the MINER a call on Monday.

F. W. Leonard, of Ceres, an old and valued subscriber of the MINER called upon us yesterday. It was his first visit to Smethport in a number of years.

M. S. Thompson has been confirmed as Postmaster at Coudersport. M. S. has held the office since Grant's first term and has given general satisfaction.

Col. C. B. Curtis, of Erie, a former practitioner in our courts, and member of Congress from this district is in such delicate health that the end is thought to be near.

R. B. Stone, former editor of the *Star* and more recently distinguished as the defeated candidate for Mayor of Bradford, was in town on Tuesday. He says he does not exactly rejoice over his defeat, but does not feel as badly as he might if it were an office of more glory and emolument.

Special Bargains.

Look out for special bargains the next 30 days at the Peoples store, 44 Main St., Smethport. We purpose selling winter boots, shoes and youths and boys clothing at cost. You will find everything here in the line of dry goods, choice groceries, fancy ware, crockery, and glassware, that is usually kept in a first class store. Cheap for cash is our motto. Call soon and make sure of the bargains. 12-4wks.

A Card.

Those knowing themselves to be indebted to me are requested to call and settle at once.

MRS. T. D. NASH.

"Ladies' Tonic."

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY is prepared by the WOMEN'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE OF BUFFALO, N. Y., and is their favorite prescription for ladies who are suffering from any weakness or complaints common to the sex. It is sold by druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Ladies can obtain advice FREE. Send stamp for names of those who have been CURED.

BRADFORD.

WHAT A MINER REPRESENTATIVE SEES, HEARS AND POSSIBLY IMAGINES, OVER THE MOUNTAIN.

Who will be city clerk.

The *Star* and *Mail* are searching for the board of trade.

Three hundred illegal votes were polled at the late municipal election.

It is rumored that a Bradford bank is in a shaky condition, but it's a faro-bank.

We had three days of mud last week, and it looked good after so many months of snow.

The lenten season is being carefully observed by those whose churches recognize this fact.

The new councils will grapple with the city building project and will be downed thereby.

It is said that J. K. Wallace Esq., will betake himself to his Lawrence county farm in the spring.

Pert, the locksmith, has distanced all competitors, and now claims to be able to open a lock of hair.

The Free House on Webster street caught fire Saturday last, but unfortunately did not burn down.

A strong base ball nine is being organized here for the coming season. Tell Fred Brownell to look out.

James A. Anderson of Hamilton, who came to this State in the Mayflower, was in the city one day last week on his way to the county seat.

Outside Sunday newspapers have lost their hold on our citizens and their sales have dwindled to almost nothing since the *Mail* came into the field.

A magnificent picture of the great editor Greeley is shown in the window of Wentworth's & Co's. store, Main street, which will be disposed of at the coming firemen's fair to the holder of the winning number in a raffle. Somehow Horace doesn't resemble the editors with which we are familiar at this time, and perhaps he would be glad of it if he were alive.

Quotations in the oil market have ruled low since my last, being for the greater part of the week below a dollar. The monthly reports furnished by the newspapers, show a continual and material falling off in the production, which ought to stimulate the trade and bring better prices. The Standard—Tidewater lawsuit, however, will cause an unsettled market until disposed of.

Problem in mental arithmetic: Treasurer McClure was elected one year ago, as he supposed for two years, and when he qualified, filed his bond for that term. Since, it has been decided that he could only hold one year, and has been re-elected. Find whether his bond is good for the two years given, and while about it find whether the last election for treasurer was not illegal and just a year too soon.

A prominent member of the Producers Exchange informs us that that association has purchased the entire burned district fronting on St. James Park, and the early spring will find them busy erecting an Exchange that will astonish not only the natives but their envious rivals in the old institution. There is an opportunity to erect a structure there that will be a credit to the city and a source of considerable income to the association.

One John J. Mitchell, whoever he may be, telegraphs from the National capital that the effort to renew the Roberts torpedo patent has been abandoned, and that the scheme is dead. This is an important, though somewhat tardy piece of news, and shows that while the patent project is dead John J. Mitchell still lives. By the way, can this be the same John Independent Mitchell who hypothecated his vertebræ for a senatorial seat some time ago?

The way of the oil broker is apparently hard. Last week three of of the bull-ringers of the Producers Exchange threw up the sponge and yielded to the pressure, one for the pitiable sum of $23. This looks ridiculous, but when you come to understand how many of them could be floored for that sum it ceases to be a subject of remark. If these men who have no money to engage in the oil trade, would return to their shops and other legitimate employments, they would soon find themselves on the road to prosperity and usefulness again.

The disgraceful affair in a bawdy house near Tarport a few days since, in which the boy Gates stabbed old man Stokes has already ceased to be spoken of, and is probably almost forgotten. The old man will get well and probably Gates will go free for want of the appearance of Stokes to prosecute. The boy Gates is a brother of the burglar of that name arrested in this city last fall for safe cracking in Clarion county, and who is now in the penitentiary at Allegheny. A hard family, but they will soon all be gathered in.

"I am not here to defend the Standard, but my dear friend Patterson," Whether a rose of any other name would smell as sweet, may not be clear to all, but it would look fully as measly to come out straight and espouse the cause of the monopoly as to take them up one by one, as soon as charged with a crime and labor for their defence. What is the difference. Patterson is not the Standard oil company, but he is a member or agent of it, and the offence charged against him was the act of the company through him. It is distinction without difference.

The death of Frank P. Brown, an operator in the W. U. office in the city, is another sad and pointed lesson on the subject of intemperance. For many years the deceased had been a skillful and trusted employee of the company named, had a wife and two promising children, but in an evil hour, under the baleful influences that surround young men in this city, yielded to temptation, went on a protracted debauch from which he woke in eternity, leaving his little family to bear their loss and disgrace together.

As an evidence of the improvement of moral sentiment in this vicinity, we are pleased to call attention to the closing of the "Adelphia" alias "Theatre Comique" alias "Gem Theatre" which, for want of patronage closed its doors Saturday evening last. The last manager claims to have lost three thousand dollars, which, if true even, will not cause any regret among respectable people. The old rookery has too long been a source of disgust to right minded people, and a school of immorality to a class of vagrant boys who will advance in vice fast enough without such a teacher.

Bradford is nothing if not progressive, and it does not do for women to say any longer that there is a distinction made against them in labor and the professions. At present we have two female doctors, one barber, and any number of clerks and saleswomen. Some twenty female teachers in the public schools, a manager of the central telephone office, while the women who hold reins over fast horses on the Boylston street road are sufficiently numerous to make that point the centre of attraction when the course is good.

We have heretofore had something to say about the Kennedy street bridge, or, more properly, the non-existence of a bridge on that street where it crosses the west branch, or would cross if there was a bridge to cross on, and now we rise to say that there is yet no bridge at that point but the councils are moving with their accustomed swiftness towards wrecting one. It used to be said of people who were proverbially slow that they "would be good messengers to send for the doctor if the devil was dying." We are well prepared with such couriers in case his satanic majesty the brimstone king should be taken ill.

The office of county Treasurer is very busy hunting the man in this end of the county just now, and there are not a few of both political parties, who feel that it is their duty, Cincinnatus-like to leave their plows and go to the defence of their country. This goes to show that there is yet left in the breasts of the people a strong love of country and an earnest desire to serve the people wherever and whenever it can be made to pay roundly. The last name suggested is a whilom newspaper man of the strawberry type, who has no definite political opinions "to be urged against the wishes of the people." And a residence at Smethport would be exceedingly convenient.

Some interested individuals have succeeded in creating no little excitement in getting up a colony to locate in Nebraska. Up to this time some hundred or more members have been enrolled, and, of course, assumed the usual amount to pay expenses of a committee to visit that country and select a location for the colony. It will however be the old story; all sunshine until they get there and after that clouds and discontent. It is good judgment to start early in the spring, as they will have time to find out the true worth of the miserable sterile plains to which they are going before the walking gets very bad next fall.

Our people are waiting anxiously to see what the course of Judge Olmsted will be with regard to the licenses applied for by dealers of this city. People may argue what they wish in the premises, but rum has been the bane of our community always, and will be just so long as indiscriminate licenses are granted. It should cause a blush to suffuse the face of every good citizen to remember that right in our midst, on a main thoroughfare, we have men as licensed to sell liquor who has not yet been two years out the penitentiary, and the place for which his license is granted is a notorious bawdy house.

Bradford, March 7th, 1883.

1142.

Imitation Baking Powders.

To the Public

The public is cautioned against the practice of many grocers who sell what they claim to be Royal Baking Powder, loose or in bulk, without label or trade-mark. All such powders are base imitations. Analyses of hundred of samples of baking powders sold in bulk to parties for Royal have shown them all to be largely adulterated, mostly with alum, dangerous for use in food, and comparatively valueless for leavening purposes.

The public is to well aware of the injurious effect of alum upon the system, to need further caution against the use of any baking powders known to be made from this drug: but the dealer's assurance, "Oh, it's just as good as Royal," or "it's the genuine Royal, only we buy it by the barrel to save expense of can," etc., is apt to mislead the unsuspecting consumers into buying an article which they would not knowingly use in their food under any consideration. The only safety from such practices is buying baking powder only in the original package, of a well known brand, and a thoroughly established reputation.

The Royal Baking Powder is sold only in cans, securely closed with the Company's trade mark label, and the weight of each package stamped on each cover. It is never sold in bulk, by the barrel, or loose by weight or measure, and all such offered the public under any pretense, are imitations.

If consumers will bear these facts in mind, and also see that the package purchased is properly labeled, and the label unbroken, they will be always sure of using a baking powder perfectly pure and wholesome, and of the highest test strength in the market.

J. C. HAAGLAND, *President.*
Royal Baking Powder Co., N. Y.

The New Combination.

The new railroad combination comprising the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, Lackawanna & Pittsburg, Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia and Allegany Central roads will, it is stated, soon commence operations towards connecting the various roads in the agreement. The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western will be connected with the Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia from Perkinsville to Belfast by the Lackawanna & Pittsburg road. Another link will be built from Perkinsville to Swains, connecting the D. L. & W. with the Allegany Central at that point, also a link from Angelica to Belfast connecting the A. C. with the Rochester division of the B. N. Y. & P. Contracts are let for building the last two named connecting links. The Allegany Central will be standard gauged from Swains to Angelica as soon as the road is completed from Perkinsville to Swains and the gauge will be made of standard width the entire length as soon as all connections are made. There will also be an intersecting line built from a point about half way between Perkinsville and Swains to Hornellsville, to give the latter place a short route to Rochester and other points.

SUDDEN DEATH.

G. W. SKINNER'S FATAL MISHAP BY A FALLING CROWN PULLY AT LAFFERTY.

The *Era* of Saturday gives the following account of a distressing accident at Lafferty:

A distressing casualty occurred near Lafferty yesterday, (Friday March 2d,) afternoon by which a worthy man almost instantly met his death. Some work was being done at one of Johnson, Kittinger & Co.'s wells and the tubing was being drawn. G. W. Skinner, foreman for the company, was standing on the derrick floor directing the men when a loud crash was heard and the crown pulley, breaking loose from its fastenings under the great weight, descended with almost the velocity of a cannon ball. Before a warning shout could be raised the heavy mass of iron struck Mr. Skinner on the head and he fell like a stone. The startled men rushed to his assistance and carried him outside, when it was discovered that he was apparently dying. His skull was crushed and the bloody scalp presented a shocking appearance. Some one ran to Targort for a doctor, but the unfortunate man breathed his last a very short time after the accident. The body was conveyed to town, where the news of the tragedy caused the greatest regret and sympathy. Coroner Bannon empanelled a jury and an inquest was held last night, the verdict being that of accidental death.

Mr. Skinner with his family consisting of a wife and three children had lived on the Clark farm for a number of years, during which time he filled the responsible position of foreman for Johnson, Kittinger & Co., vigilantly looking after extensive oil interests. He was greatly esteemed by the community as an upright, straightforward man and expressions of regret at the untimely taking off were heard on every side. Mr. Skinner was 39 years, 8 months and 14 days old. Much commiseration is felt for the widow and her children, the eldest of whom is a girl of about fifteen.

The License Mill.

The license mill has been in operation since 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, with Judge Olmsted at the crank and the attorneys and applicants at the hopper. The following licenses have been ground out.

W. S. Zank, Bradford twp., Tavern.
M. H. Picard, Smethport, Tavern.
J. H. Sowers, Keating twp., Tavern.
N. R. Collins, Bradford city, Wholesale.
J. V. Brown, Duke Centre, Tavern.
Frank A. Carter, Eldred borough, Eating House.
H. F. Wright, Smethport, Tavern.
E. Cline, Summit City, Tavern.
Ed. Sutherland, Bradford city, Tavern.
M. Akin, Bradford city, Tavern.
J. P. Abbott, Bradford city, Tavern.
Thos. Goodwin, Bradford city, Tavern.
N. Bolton, Bradford city, Tavern.
Jos. Bacher, Bradford city, Tavern.
David Washbaugh, Sawyer City, Tavern.
Phillips & Martin, Kendall, Tavern.
Jonas Artley, Kendall, Tavern.
Barton & Snyder, Eldred borough, Bottlers.
F. A. Chapman, Ceres, Tavern.
W. W. Church, Duke Centre, Tavern.
S. J. Rockwell, Smethport, Tavern.
Dennis Driscoll, Turtle Point, Eating House.
Barton & Snyder, East Smethport, Bottlers.
H. Mayer, Bradford city, Tavern.
Humphrey & Pierce, Bradford city, Tavern.
Louis March, Bradford city, Tavern.
McBride & Howard, Bradford city, Tavern.
Jas. M. Graham, Bradford city, Tavern.
A. Mayer & Co., Bradford city, Wholesale.
F. W. Meese, Kane, Tavern.
Lewis & Davis, Alton, Tavern.
Anglun Bros., Bradford city, Tavern.
Thos. Connerly, Bradford city, Tavern.
C. A. Bailey, Bradford city, Eating House.
David Freel, Bradford city, Tavern.
Dro. E. Baker, Bradford city, Tavern.
Ida Crispen, Bradford city, Tavern.
Frank Franklin, Bradford city, Eating House.
T. B. Goodwin, Gillmor, Tavern.
J. B. Dawkins, Bradford city, Tavern.
Pat. Mulqueen, Bradford city, Tavern.
Wm. Durringer, Eldred borough, Wholesale.
Del Cooper, Eldred borough, Bottler.
John Weiss, Clermont, Tavern.
J. A. Stillwell, Aiken, Tavern.
Ford & Hick, Bradford city, Eating House.
John Wass, Rixford, Tavern.
C. A. Mather, Rixford, Tavern.
O'Brien & Doritt, Bradford city, Bottlers.
C. C. Robbinson, Bradford city, Tavern.
Robert Stohr, Custer City, Tavern.
John Pigeon, Raw City, Eating House.
James Seeger, Raw City, Tavern.
E. V. Chadwick, Smethport, Eating House.
E. J. Cassidy, Aiken, Tavern.
Consolidated Bottling Co., Bradford city, Bottlers.
John A. Thetge, Custer City, Tavern.
Geo. Peck, Custer City, Tavern.
H. H. Persons, Kendall, Eating House.
Mrs. S. A. Stillwell, Custer City, Tavern.
W. H. Evans, Ceres, Tavern.

The following applications were refused:

Hudson & Lamb, Lewisboro, Wholesale.
B. D. Wilson, Bradford city, Tavern.
S. D. Hall, Alton, Wholesale.
John Maloney, Bradford city, Tavern.
Geo. A. Pierce, Bradford city, Tavern.
Pius Riehle, Bradford city, Eating House.
T. H. Hodges, Bradford city, Eating House.
Pat. Meginnis, Bradford city, Eating House.
C. H. Moore, Smethport, Wholesale.
Martin McNulty, Alton, Wholesale.
R. E. Looker, Kane, Tavern.
Michael Kelley, Bradford city, Eating House.
L. B. Bishop, Port Allegany, Eating House.
Fred Block, Clermont, Eating House.
John Meisel, Clermont, Eating House.
Frank Baker, Kendall, Eating House.
L. H. Hodges, Bradford city, Eating House.

The following petions were withdrawn by consent of the Court:

O. Benson, Howard Hill, Tavern.
James Armstrong, Turtle Point, Tavern.
Nelson Reed, Gillmor, Eating House.
Fox Draper, Bradford City, Tavern.
Wm. Bradley, Eldred borough, Eating House.
J. H. Deming, Eldred borough, Eating House.

Failure of Tanners.

Lowell & Co., and Schiefflin & Co., proprietors of the extensive tanneries and saw mills at Tioga, Niles Valley and Stokesdale, Tioga county, have failed. They have been doing business for a firm in New York known as Humphrey & Co., heretofore regarded as perfectly reliable. Last Friday the New York firm failed and brought down the two Tioga firms with them. Lowell & Co. have about 200 men in their employ. Work will not be suspended until the stock in tanneries is all worked out. It is thought both firms will eventually pull through all right.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GREAT
CLOSING OUT SALE,
TO MAKE ROOM FOR
SPRING STOCK.
$50,000 Worth of
CLOTHING,
FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, CAPS, &C.,
At Lower Prices than Ever Before Offered in the City of
BRADFORD, PA.
M. RUSLANDER,
88 Main St.

D. C. YOUNG
Has the LARGEST Stock of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
—In the County—
NEW GOODS,
LOW PRICES,
Complete Assortment of
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
CLOTHING,
Groceries and Provisions,
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,
NEW STYLE DRESS GOODS,
Ladies' Fine Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs,
Elegant stock Gents' Furnishing Goods,
Large Line of Flannel, and Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings,
A Specialty made of
FINE TEAS.
BEST QUALITY OF CANNED GOODS.
No. 1
BUTTER AND CHEESE.
BEST QUALITY OF
FLOUR AND MEAL
At Lowest Prices,
And every thing else usually kept in a country store. Call and examine for yourself. A pleasure to show goods.
MAIN ST. BACKUS BUILDING.
Smethport, Pa., Oct. 9, 1882.

A SUNDAY TRAGEDY.

PARTICULARS OF THE MURDER IN TROUT COUNTY.

Last Sunday, at Niles Valley, six miles north of this borough, Mr. Charles Fulford was shot and killed by a Swede named John Hamlin. We are informed that the details of the tragic affair, as gathered at the inquest yesterday morning, are as follows:

John Hamlin has been at work for Messrs. Bennet & Dimon, at Niles Valley for some time past—just how long it does not appear. He seemed to be a man of violent temper, and had made threats to a fellow workman by the name of Leib, with whom he had some difficulty. A short time ago Hamlin purchased a revolver, and since getting it has threatened to shoot Leib.

About a month ago the deceased, Charles Fulford, a resident of Erwin Centre, N. Y., came to work for Bennet & Dimon, and but a few days ago moved his family, consisting of a wife and one little girl about 11 years old, into the house of Harrison Smith, who kept a boarding house for Bennet & Dimon. At the time the deceased moved his family into Smith's house Hamlin was occupying a bed room on the lower floor of the building. It being more convenient for Fulford and his family to occupy this lower room than any other in the house, Hamlin was requested to surrender it and occupy another one in another portion of the building, which he did quite reluctantly, and he afterward threatened that he would get even with Fulford.

Last Sunday, the 25th instant, Hamlin being under the influence of liquor renewed his threats against Leib, and was seen lurking around the mill late in the afternoon where Leib works. It is Leib's duty to look over the mill, daily just before dusk and see that all is safe from fire, etc. Hamlin failed to find Leib at the mill and went back to Smith's house and went into the dining room and used indecent language to Fulford's wife, who told him to leave the room. He then went to another dining room used as a waiting room for the men, and offered the men liquor which he had. Fulford with the rest. They all refused to drink, whereupon Hamlin, after drinking out of his bottle threw it down behind the stove and went out doors and immediately fired his revolver which he had loaded a short time before going out.

As soon as the shot was fired, Fulford stepped to the door and requested Hamlin, who was standing on the door step, to stop firing as the report would disturb Mrs. Smith, who was in the house sick. Fulford no sooner spoke than Hamlin turned around and fired another shot this time toward where Fulford was standing, in the door, the ball striking the casing over Fulford's head. Before Fulford had time to defend himself or escape Hamlin fired another shot, the ball taking effect in the right breast of Fulford and passing through the lung and striking and penetrating the heart. Immediately on being shot Fulford sprang at Hamlin and knocked him down and kicked him violently, but the other men present at once took hold of him and led him into the house, and he died in about five minutes afterward. Hamlin was at once arrested and brought to jail.—*Wellsboro Agitator.*

LINCOLN'S GREAT HEART.

HE MOURNED THE SORROWS OF THE NATION AND COULD NOT REJOICE.

Conrad Lew Weitzel relates the following incident in President Lincoln's career which he believes has never been made public before: "After the fall of Richmond and the flight of the Confederate government, my brother Godfrey was put in charge of the city. His headquarters were in the Capitol, and President Davis's Cabinet room was kept just as it was when last occupied. President Lincoln arrived the day after the occupation and called at the Capitol, and was cordially among the number myself accompanied him through the building. When we reached the Cabinet room my brother said: 'Mr. President this is the chair which has been so long occupied by President Davis.' He pulled it from the table and motioned the President to sit down. Mr. Lincoln's face took an extra look of care and melancholy. He looked at it a moment and slowly approached and wearily sat down. It was an hour of exultation with us soldiers we felt that the war was ended, and we knew that all over the North bells were pealing, cannon booming, and the people were delirious with joy over the prospect of peace. I expected to see the President manifest some spirit of triumph as he sat in the seat so long occupied by the Rebel Government, but his great head fell into his broad hands, and a sigh that seemed to come from the soul of a nation escaped his lips and saddened every man present. His mind seemed to be traveling back through the dark years of the war, and he was counting the cost in treasure, life and blood that made it possible for him to sit there. As he arose without a word and left the room slowly and sadly, tears involuntarily came to the eyes of every man present and we soldiers realized that we had not done all the suffering nor made all the sacrifices."

He'd Scoop a Little

From the Wall Street News.

About the time that Daniel Drew left the Wall street career, he was up the country one time to visit some friends, and two farmers called upon to decide a case. One had sold the other five bushels of wheat and proposed to measure it in a half bushel and sweep the top of a measure with a stick. The other objected and Uncle Daniel was asked to decide it.

"Well, legally speaking, a bushel is only a bushel, as I understand it," he answered.

"And can the measure be swept off?"

"I think it can."

"With what?"

"Well, if I was selling wheat I should probably use half the head of a flour barrel."

"Which edge of it?"

"Gentlemen, that is a point I cannot now decide on," said the old gentleman. "If I was selling to a widow or a preacher I am certain that I should sweep the measure with the straight edge, but if I was selling to a man who pastures his cows in the road and his pigs in his neighbor's corn, I'm afraid I should use the circular side, and scoop it a little to boot."

THE FRECKLED FACE GIRL.

HOW SHE ENTERTAINED A VISITOR WHILE HER MA WAS DRESSING—WHAT WAS SAID IN THE PARLOR.

From the Boston Globe.

"Ma's up stairs changing her dress," said the freckled face little girl, tying her doll's bonnet strings and casting her eye about for a tidy large enough to use as a shawl for that double-jointed young person.

"Oh, your mother needn't dress up for me," replied the female agent of the missionary society, taking a self-satisfied view of herself in the mirror. "Run up and tell her to come down as she is in her every day dress and not stand on ceremony."

"Oh, but she hasn't got on her every-day clothes. Ma was all dressed up in her new brown silk, 'cause she expected Miss Diamond to-day. Miss Diamond always comes over here to show off her nice things, and ma don't mean to get left. When she saw you coming she said, The Dickens!' and I guess she was mad about something. Ma said if you saw her new dress she'd have to hear all about the poor heathen, who don't have silk, and you'd ask her for more money to buy hymn books to send 'em. Say, do the nigger ladies use hymn book leaves to do their hair up and make it frizzy? Ma says she guesses that's all the good books do 'em, if they ever get any of the books. How I wish my doll was a heathen."

"Why, you wicked little girl, what do you want of a heathen doll?" inquired the missionary lady taking a survey of the new things in the parlor to get material for a homily on worldly extravagance.

"So folks would send her lots of nice things to wear and feel sorry to have her going about naked. Then she'd have hair to friz and want a doll with truly hair and eyes that roll up like Deacon Shibetha's when he says amen on Sunday. I ain't a wicked girl, either, 'cause Uncle Dick you know Uncle Dick, he's been out west and swears awful and smokes in the house—he says I'm a holy terror and he hopes I'll be an angel pretty soon. Ma'll be down in a minute, so you needn't take your cloak off. She said she'd box my ears if I asked you to. Ma's putting on that old dress she had last year, 'cause she said she didn't want you to think she was able to give much this time and she needed a new muff worse than the queen of the cannon ball islands needed religion. Uncle Dick says you ought to go to the islands, 'cause you'd be safe there and the natifs'd be sorry they was such sinners anybody would send you to 'em. He says he never seen a heathen hungry enough to eat you, 'less 'twas a blind one, and you'd set a blind pagan's teeth on edge so he'd never hanker after any more missionary. Uncle Dick's awful funny and makes pa and ma die laughing sometimes."

"Your Uncle Richard is a bad, depraved wretch, and ought to have remained out west, where his style is appreciated. He sets a bad example for little girls like you."

"Oh, I think he's nice. He showed me how to slide down the banisters, and he's teaching me to whistle when ma ain't around. That's a pretty cloak you've got, ain't it? Do you buy all your good clothes with missionary money? Ma says you do."

Just then the freckled-faced little girl's ma came into the parlor and kissed the missionary lady on the cheek and said she was delighted to see her, and they proceeded to have a real social chat. The little girl's ma can't understand why a person who professes to be so charitable as the missionary agent does, should go right over to Miss Diamond's and say such ill natured things as she did, and she thinks the missionary is a double-faced gossip.

THE NORTHWEST.

Remarkable Prosperity of Oregon and Washington Territory.

Oregon newspapers, reviewing the events of the past year, show the existence of a remarkable degree of prosperity in that state. Ten years ago the population of Portland was less than 12,000. To day it is nearly three times that number and is continually increasing. During 1882 $3,000,000 was spent upon new buildings in that city, and $400,000 on its streets. Its wholesale trade for the year amounted to $40,000,000, and the exports to $23,128,981.

Equally favorable reports come from Washington territory, whose vast forests of valuable timber furnish an article of export that is wanted in all parts of the world. Thirty years ago Puget Sound's first saw mill was built. To day there are numerous towns in which lumber sawing is the main industry. In 1881 175,000,000 cubic feet of lumber was exported. The amount sawed in 1882 is estimated at over 200,000,000 feet. The mills are nearly all lighted by electricity and are the scene of ceaseless labor. Various hundred forms of industry have arisen out of the abundance of timber, including cooperage and shipbuilding.

Among recent settlers in this favored region are some of the Russian Jewish immigrants, and reports received from their settlements give good ground for believing in a successful issue to their agricultural experiments. Altogether, Oregon and Washington territory seem to be thriving to a much greater degree than California, their southern neighbor, and are attracting comparatively a larger share of immigration.

The Peanut Industry.

Peanut growing is one of the most profitable industries of Virginia. The returns never fall below $50 per acre, even in seasons of drought, and sometimes rise as high as $300. A light, sandy soil is best. The nut must have plenty of rain in August in order to reach perfection. There are three grades in market, the strictly prime, the prime and the medium, the latter of which is sold to the retail buyer. The best are sent abroad or sold to the finest candy makers. The peanut candy sold at 40 cents a pound is made from the "low" grade, the wholesale price of which is 2 cents a quart.

President Chadbourne of the Massachusetts Agricultural College died of an illness which began with a cold taken at ex Governor Morgan's funeral. The Albany *Argus* is not far wrong in saying that "funerals make funerals as they are now misconducted."

Biography of a Robber.

From the Albany Argus.

The ending of the career of Dan Noble, the notorious thief, in an English prison, has a disenchanting influence on those who think that crime ever pays. Dan Noble is remembered as a thief whose success in escaping punishment for a long time corresponded with the increasing magnitude of his operations. As the case is with most men of his class, his last theft was his largest. It was against the branch office of the Royal Insurance Company in New York City. The date of the crime was December 10, 1866. The method of it was artistic in simplicity. Two men of good appearance and pleasing manners entered the office in company. One of them engaged the president in an interesting conversation. Another one skillfully possessed himself of a tin box filled with valuable securities and passed it to an accomplice at the door, who bore it to an agreed upon place in Kingston, Canada. The unobserved man, of course, was the outsider. Having also the valuables, he was obviously the man who had the advantage. That man was the late interesting Mr. Dan Noble. He found out that the contents of the box were worth $275,000. The eminently happy thought struck him of telling his associates that the contents were but $75,000. Accordingly an equal division of that sum was made by the three, and Mr. Noble took his allotted $83,000, and cheerfully added it to the $200,000 which he had previously abstracted and said nothing about it. In this particular he exemplified at its real value the sophistical nonsense of there being "honor among thieves." His greed, unfaithfulness, and falsehood, however, contained the causes which finally destroyed all the compartments of devices which he had trusted would float him into the haven of respectability and security. He established himself in Elmira, N. Y., on the theory that nearly a quarter of a million of dollars would enable him to emphasize himself in the character of a man of wealth in a town of that size better than he could do in New York city. There he set up as a "sport," a horseman, a boxer, a host—in short, as "one of the boys." His eating, drinking, dressing and jewelling were generous; and, if loud, were effective. One of his accomplices established himself in Toronto, the other in Dansville. The latter was annoyed by the police. He fled to Canada. News reached him of the style which Noble was exhibiting at Elmira. He also learned of the real loss of the insurance company. Then he felt sure that Noble had cheated his associates. Accordingly, he came to New York, made a full confession, Noble was arrested, was, after four mistrials, convicted, and has, as just cabled, ended his days in an English jail. The New York offense secured his imprisonment in Auburn, but he escaped from the institution in a year, fled to London, sought to pass forged notes on the Bank of England, was identified by the description sent on from America, convicted, and this time held securely. His habits of luxuries at Elmira had undermined his constitution. Prison regimen and prison labor made an end of his debilitated powers. His mishaps, from a moral point of view, are due to his robberies. His associates in crime, however, will regard his misfortunes to be due, not to his depredations, but to his omission to deal squarely with his confederates.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER is a scientific combination of some of the most powerful restorative agents in the vegetable kingdom. It restores gray hair to its original color. It makes the scalp white and clean. It cures dandruff and humors, and falling-out of the hair. It furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported. It makes the hair moist, soft and glossy, and is unsurpassed as a hair dressing. It is the most economical preparation ever offered to the public, as its effects remain a long time, making only an occasional application necessary. It is recommended and used by eminent medical men, and officially endorsed by the State Assayer of Massachusetts. The popularity of Hall's Hair Renewer has increased with the test of many years, both in this country and in foreign lands, and it is now known and used in all the civilized countries of the world.

For sale by all dealers.

Let Well Enough Alone.

Yesterday afternoon a man from Girard came into the Rankin House considerably excited and enquired if a certain person was stopping there. He explained that the man "had done him dirt," and he was anxious to lick him. Finding that the man had just left the house, he rushed out after him, and finding him on Fort street walked up to him and announced that he had come all the way from Girard to lick him, and, accordingly, he started in. In a few minutes he had blacked both the man's eyes, walked over him, and reduced him to a general wreck. When he had finished the job, he stood the man up against the wall of the Pioneer store and remarked:

"I want you to understand that I consider you the most infamous whelp that I ever saw or knew. You dirty little cur, I—"

"Hold on," said the man who had just been kicked, taking off his coat. "I think that after thrashing a man you've no right to abuse him. I can stand a licking, but I won't stand abuse from any living man, no matter how much he weighs. Now I'm going to lick you."

He was as good as his word, and started in with the most business-like air imaginable and knocked his late victor into the gutter. Every time he got up he knocked him down with, "Blast me I can't stand abuse." When he got all through with the Girard man the crowd thought it was a pile of rags and mud.

"Now, look here, my friend," said the last victor, "next time you lick a man let well enough alone. Don't abuse him. You handled yourself well enough while you were licking me, but you overdid the abuse."—*Columbus (Ga.) Times.*

KIDNEY-WORT
HAS BEEN PROVED
The SUREST CURE for
KIDNEY DISEASES.
Does a home look or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? WHERE SO NOT HESITATE, but Kidney-Wort at once, strengthen the weakened parts, and restore healthy action. For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain, weakness, irregularities, suppression, or excessive flow of the menses and painful labors, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed. It will act promptly and safely.
Either sex, Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust deposits, or ropy urine, all speedily yield to the wonderful powers of
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
KIDNEY-WORT

MISCELLANEOUS.

STRENGTH

to rigorously push a business, strength to study a profession, strength to regulate a household, strength to do a day's labor without physical pain. All this represents what is wanted, in the often heard expression, "Oh! I wish I had the strength!" If you are broken down, have not energy, or feel as if life was hardly worth living, you can be relieved and restored to robust health and strength by taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, which is a true tonic a medicine universally recommended for all wasting diseases.

[illegible] No. Fremont St., Baltimore
During the war I was injured in the stomach by a piece of a shell, and have suffered from its severance. About four years ago I brought on painful symptoms, which kept increasing for months, and the best physicians in the city said I could not live. I suffered fearfully from indigestion, and for over two years could not eat solid food and for a large portion of the time was unable to retain even liquid nourishment. I tried Brown's Iron Bitters and now after taking two bottles I am able to get up and go around and am rapidly improving.
C. DECKER.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is a complete and sure remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Weakness and all diseases requiring a true, reliable, non-alcoholic tonic. It enriches the blood, gives new life to the muscles and tone to the nerves.

WAGON,
Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,
MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

HORSESHOEING!
A SPECIALTY.
The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with
Bad Feet!
All kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

BARBER SHOP
ALFRED STURDEVENT
Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do
SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING
In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.
☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

MILLINERY GOODS.
LATEST
Fall and Winter
STYLES.
Fine Ruchings Yellings, Knitting Silks, Worsteds & Notions.
All orders personally or by mail will receive prompt and careful attention.
Prices warranted to please.
Miss E. CARSON,
In Kittredge Block Smethport, Pa.

LEGAL.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. H. W. WILLIAMS, President Judge, and the Hons. HENRY HAMLIN and M. McCULLOUGH, Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Friday Dec. 21, 1882, and to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas at the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 19th day of March, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Dated at Smethport, February 8, 1883, and the 107th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. J. WILCOX, Sheriff.

List of Traverse Jurors

Drawn in the court of Common Pleas of McKean County, to be summoned for the 3d Monday of March, 1883.

Allard, John, Norwich.
Abbott, David, Mitchell.
Abbey, H. T., Port Allegany.
Bowen, Lorenzo, Hamilton.
Bankwater, W. H., Hamilton.
Barrett, Gardner, Keating.
Bockwith, S. F., Keating.
Beaudin, Luther, Lafayette.
Coon, J. H., Corydon.
Cummings, Willard, Eldred.
Case, Warren, Foster.
Davis, O. L., Norwich.
Eakin, W. C., Bradford.
Eastman, John, Corydon.
Evans, S. W., Norwich.
Fletcher, Frank, Hamlin.
Fischer George, Duke Center.
Gallup, Wilson O., Norwich.
Hamlin Wm., Smethport.
Kleckner, A. M., Kendall.
Kemp, J. F., Tram Hollow.
Lillibridge, A. N., Port Allegany.
Lawrence Charles, Bradford.
McCormick, James, Foster.
Moon, N. P., Bradford.
Pennell, Frank, Oil Valley.
Prosser, L. R., Foster.
Rice, B. W., Eldred borough.
Ripley, Willis, Keating.
Richmond, E. P., Smethport.
Stark, Homer, Hamlin.
Sprague, A. F., Foster.
Smith, A. P., Norwich.
Trout, B. A., Corydon.
Wiggins, F. S., Lafayette.
Wilcox, W. W., Lafayette.

A. J. WILCOX, Sheriff.
N. C. GAGER, } Jury Com'rs.
O. F. CASE, }

Attest
J. H. SMITHMEYER, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Feb. 26, 1883.

Trial List

For Third Monday of March, 1883.

1. T. D. Casey & Co. vs Frank A. Newell, No. 341 December term 1881. Feigned issue.
2. Isaac E. Jr. pioneer vs F. P. Morrison, No. 111 February term 1882. Feigned issue.
3. Lizzie Hamlin vs W. T. Morris, Loyal Ward, George A. Berry, William F. Carey, E. Corrigan, A. J. Draper, N. M. Thomas, Tuna Valley Bank, P. A. Lipsett, No. 247 February term 1883. Feigned issue.
4. Emery Oil Co. vs W. T. Morris, Loyal Ward, George A. Berry, William F. Carey, E. Corrigan, A. J. Draper, N. M. Thomas, Tuna Valley Bank, P. A. Lipsett, No. 247 February term 1883. Feigned issue.
5. C. M. Doe vs W. T. Morris, Loyal Ward, George A. Berry, William F. Carey, E. Corrigan, A. J. Draper, N. M. Thomas, Tuna Valley Bank, P. A. Lipsett, No. 248 February term 1883. Feigned issue.

LEGAL.

4. W. F. Mills vs O. M. Roberts; No. 40 September term 1881. Labor claim.
7. A. C. Scott vs E. Markewitz, J. D. Clark, and D. W. Fullerton, No. 204 December term 1882. Judgment opened as to court and ordered on board of list.
8. F. H. Lahlee vs J. T. Watson and W. & R. Gardner doing business as Watson and Rayduro; No. 205 June term 1879. Assumpsit.
9. D. K. Calder vs George N. Berry and Widow, C. H. Smith, Arch Lewis, John B. Henderson and Wm. C. Nye, terre tenants; No. 241 December term 1879. Ejectment for land in Bradford borough.
10. W. and J. Duke vs A. P. Goudy; No. 241 December term 1879. Ejectment for land in Bradford borough.
11. W. L. Huntsman vs George Washington Hicks, No. 244 December term 1879. Trover and conversion.
12. William B. Bennett vs A. F. Heald; No. 249 December term 1879. Assumpsit.
13. William B. Bennett and Ralph B. Plummer doing business under the firm name of Bennett and Plummer, vs M. V. Dow; ——— January term 1879. Assumpsit.
14. Robert Barton vs Wm. McCullough; No. 3 February term 1879. Ejectment for land in Otto township.
15. E. A. Coats and W. B. Coats vs F. N. Smith and Joanna Smith, his wife and C. T. Shaw, D. H. Dodge, James Marsh and J. F. Monroe, terre tenants. Ejectment for land in village of Kinzua.
16. F. W. Davis Admr. of estate of Reuben Davis deceased vs Bradford township. No. 246 February term 1879. Case.
17. C. Whitney vs Zibeon; No. 198 June term 1879. Assumpsit.
18. Chester K. Partwell vs Chester Kipling, No. 219 June term 1879. Assumpsit.
19. Lucy A. Ambrose and Isaac R. Ambrose in right of the wife Lucy A. Ambrose vs M. Schoonover; No. 234 June term 1879. Replevin.
20. E. S. Culver vs W. W. Peck dlbw M. M. Washburn; No. 231 June term 1879. Case.
21. J. G. Howe and G. M. Cook, partners as Howe & Cook vs Thomas O'Donnell, William O'Donnell and Morgan P. Oliver, partners as O'Donnell Bros. & Co.; No. 244 June term 1879. Assumpsit.
22. Thomas Walsh vs E. Horner and Mrs. Margaret Horner; No. 271 June term 1879. Case.
23. I. A. Yost assignee of A. Crawford vs J. J. Reed; No. 248 June term 1879. Replevin.
24. Wesley Chambers, James Chambers, executors as Chambers & Jones vs John Beatty; No. 253 June term 1879. Assumpsit.
25. I. S. Anderson, J. P. Olds and M. C. Chamberlain doing business as Anderson Olds & Co; No. 255 June term 1879. Assumpsit.
26. N. J. Barker and H. A. Harrison as N. J. Barker & Co. vs Charles J. Cornell and Israel Heller and Emanuel Crail; No. 259 June term 1879. Case.
27. Thomas I. Kane vs R. W. Evans; No. 45 June term 1879. Assumpsit.
28. Olney Dean and Margaret Dean his wife use of Margaret Dean vs Merchant Insurance Company of New York; No. 265 June term 1879. Assumpsit.
29. E. A. and W. B. Roberts vs Lovell and F. S. Worcester copartners as Lovell and Webster; No. 269 June term 1879. Assumpsit.
30. E. A. and W. B. Roberts vs C. B. Webster; No. 270 June term 1879. Assumpsit.
31. Chester P. King to the use of Henry S. Howell vs Burdette Chevalier, A. W. Barnard, Frank N. Yaple; No. 8 June term 1879. Debt.
32. Ambrose S. Rounds vs Lana Rounds vs The Oil Shade Oil Co. and Richard K. Richardson; No. 282 June term 1879. Ejectment for land in Eldred township.
33. Ambrose S. Rounds and Lana Rounds vs the Bradford Oil Co. the Oil Shade Oil Co. and R. K. Richardson; No. 283 June term 1879. Ejectment for land in Eldred township.
34. Daniel Hamlin and Thomas Hudson vs the City of Bradford; No. 285 June term 1879. Case.
35. Thomas Sweeney vs Catherine wife of R. J. Kennedy now R. Wharton; No. 291 June term 1879. Assumpsit.
36. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at the suggestion and for use of the county of McKean vs T. P. Trumbower, J. C. Jackson and J. W. Brown; No. 320 June term 1879. Sci fa to liquidate damages &c.
37. Charles H. Kalbfleisch, Albert M. Kalbfleisch and Franklin H. Kalbfleisch co-partners as Martin Kalbfleisch & Sons vs George W. Mitchell and Josiah K. Mitchell co-partners as the Tuna Valley Refining Co.; No. 321 June term 1879. Assumpsit.
38. N. D. Burns vs P. D. Nevlen and J. A. Verder; No. 326 June term 1879. Replevin.
39. John Hemmel vs John Brennan, Austin Davis and D. Parks doing business as Davis, Brennan & Co.; No. 345 September term 1879. Assumpsit.
40. J. W. Hague vs A. J. Pomeroy; No. 346 September term 1879. Covenant.
41. John Rehr & Co. vs Manufacturing Co. vs A. J. Heald; No. 350 September term 1879. Assumpsit.
42. The J. M. Brunswick and Blake Co. use of James B. Nettleton vs N. K. Hamlin and M. M. Washburne; No. 29 September term 1879. Trespass vi et armis &c.
43. Orlando M. Ingersoll and Walker Ingersoll, late Bankers in the firm of Ingersoll & Co. vs H. Ingersoll; No. 36 September term 1879. Assumpsit.
44. Short Brothers & Co. vs Olean, Bradford & Warren Railroad; No. 340 September term 1879. Case.
45. John S. Hungerford vs Thomas Young; No. 61 September term 1879. Judgment opened.
46. Samuel Mc Clintic vs Reuben Walker, owner and for John and George Walker agents and contractors for the said Reuben Walker; No. 62 September term 1879. Sci fa for Mechanics Lien.
47. A. W. Hinkson vs John Barton and H. W. Hinkson, co-partners as John Barton and H. W. Hinkson; No. 66 September term 1879. Continued.
48. Thomas Hyde vs H. L. Dehus and J. C. Culp; No. 70 September term 1879. Attachment execution.
49. C. Hagerman vs H. Scott; No. 53 September term 1879. Judgment opened.
50. A. Harrison vs Arnold & Eldred Railroad Company; No. 80 September term 1879. Assumpsit.
51. Jacob Bortner vs H. M. Mabb; No. 82 September term 1879. Assumpsit.
52. Mary Ann Mc Carty vs J. J. Wallace, John Brennan, Long Tram Co. as Wallace & Brennan No. 65; Superintendent to their Judgment opened.
53. Elizabeth A. Gould vs Geo. K. Anderson; No. 74 September term 1879. Assumpsit.
54. John Proudfit vs George A. Berry; No. 86 December term 1879. Assumpsit.
55. Geo. H. Bennett & Co. use of J. D. Bradley vs John Nott, John P. Dye & Augustus; No. 108 December term 1879. Judgment opened.
56. Wm. J. McCleary and Lina Urghart doing business under the firm name of McCleary & Urghart vs Ira H. Goodrich; No. 97 December term 1879. Assumpsit.
57. John Sexsmith and Mortimer of Henry Appleton vs Thomas Denningham; No. 98 December term 1879. Ejectment.
58. Thomas I. Kane for use of Alfred H. Williams vs Hugh Laughlin, one &c. of Nelson Laughlin &c.; No. 101 December term 1879. Ejectment for land in Eldred township.
59. D. L. Sears vs Lee Super; No. 103 December term 1879. Judgment opened.
60. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at the suggestion of Jerome Ingersoll vs Dennis O'Neil constable of K. Hall borough and Jas Donnegan, bail; No. 130 December term 1879. Case.
61. William Long, Jane L. Long his wife use of Daniel Lowry vs E. R. Richardson, H. F. Waring, H. H. Hughes and J. C. Hamilton doing business as The Oil Shade Oil Co.; No. 132 December term 1879. Ejectment for land in Eldred township.
62. G. D. Nicholson vs D. B. Robbins doing business as Robbins & Nicholson; No. 267 December term 1879. Sci Fa For Mortgage.
63. Henry Lee, Mary A. Hazzard his wife use of Mary A. Hazzard vs Samuel Barker, Jr., Thomas Barker, James Barker, Jr., and W. Barker and Jos. B. Fiedler; No. 135 December term 1879. Debt.
64. L. G. Cook vs C. E. Brown, C. W. Wagner, J. A. Mitchell and W. H. Mitchell; No. 151 December term 1879. Trespass.
65. E. A. Roberts vs W. B. Roberts, partners as E. A. Roberts & W. B. Roberts vs J. M. Chaplin, D. Chaplin & Co.; No. 160 December term 1879. Assumpsit.
66. Mrs. Hattie B. Houston and P. K. Houston her husband, in right of Hattie B. Houston vs Mrs. Bassett, Wm. C. Rockwell, her husband; No. 168 December term 1879. Ejectment for lot No. 16 in Bradford city.
67. Sam'l Drennan vs George Archer, A. B. Corbett and Alfred Shuey; No. 176 December term 1879. Replevin for one hundred and two hundred and 202 Quintals of fresh Bradford township.
68. Peter Colberg vs Joseph Lovett, Frank Jones, Chas. and Joseph Mc Cormick; No. 181 February term 1880. Ejectment for land in Bradford township.
69. Christopher Willover, John A. Willover vs W. A. Wright; No. 188 February term 1880. Assumpsit.
70. Daniel W. Charles, Theodore V. Van Hoesen and John F. Rabb vs George Whitcomb; No. 196 February term 1880. Ejectment for land in Corydon township.
71. Charles N. Mathews vs J. D. Warren, John B. Coleman; No. 111 February term 1880. Ejectment for land in Corydon township.
72. Albert Clark vs W. W. Dye, F. Earle and A. B. Rogers owners, and J. H. Dye, contractor; No. 186 February term 1880. Sci Fa vs Mechanics Lien.

JOHN P. BRAWLEY, Clerk.
Smethport, Feb'y 26, 1883.

Administrator's Notice.

Whereas letters of Administration of the estate of Mary Jane Black, late of Foster township, McKean county, deceased, have been granted to T. A. Morrison, residing in Smethport said county, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

T. A. MORRISON, Adm'r.
Feb'y 26, 1883.—6t.

Administrator's Notice.

Whereas letters of Administration of the estate of Arthur Black, late of Foster township, McKean county, deceased, have been granted to T. A. Morrison, residing in Smethport, said county, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

T. A. MORRISON, Adm'r.
Feb'y 26, 1883.—6t.

Charter Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, Pa., March 9th, 1883, at Coudersport, Potter county, Pa., for incorporation of "The Free Will Baptist church of Port Allegany," a corporation and body politic under the public worship of God according to the usages, faith and discipline of the Free Will Baptist Church of the United States.

A. N. LILLIBRIDGE,
WILLIAM PELTON,
J. M. EASTWOOD,
J. H. BURR.

Port Allegany, Pa., Feb'y 15, 1883. 4t.

Miscellaneous.

Smethport
SASH FACTORY.
Near the McKean & Buffalo Depot.
Sash, Doors and Blinds,
Matching, Mouldings,
Brackets, Planing, Turning, Etc.,
On Hand and Furnished at Short Notice.
J. C. Strong, Prop'r.

LIVERY AND Exchange Stables
At A. J. Parker's Barn,
NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT.
IRONS & PARKER, Prop's.
Parties desiring single or double rigs for Pleasure, or Business Purposes can be furnished at any time with
Good Horses and Stylish Rigs

LIVERY AND Exchange Stables
F. O. WRIGHT, Proprietor.
Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with
Good Horses and Stylish Rigs
drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

LIVERY and Exchange Stables
At The Bennett House Barn.
G. R. & C. H. MOORE, Proprietors.
Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with
GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS
to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

MILK! MILK! MILK!
The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 5, he will establish a
NEW MILK ROUTE!
Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.
At 6 Cents a Quart
until Spring when the price will be reduced.
The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.
Wm. Ramer.
Smethport, Pa., Jan. 8, 1883-tf.

WOMENS MEDICAL INSTITUTE
BUFFALO, N.Y.
THE ONLY ASSOCIATION OF PROMINENT
Lady Physicians
IN THE WORLD.
This institution was formed for the sole purpose of treating the diseases of women. It is composed solely of physicians who have obtained a world wide fame in the profession by their special ability and success, and who have made the health and diseases of women a study for years. Ladies can be successfully treated at home, without any other knowledge of the case of their condition. Advice in all cases. Send stamp for testimonials from ladies who have been permanently cured.
"LADIES' TONIC"
Is the Favorite Prescription of the Women's Medical Institute
for Prolapsus, Ulcer or Falling of the Womb, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Pain in the Back, Pleurisy, Kidney Complaint or Dark Deposits with the Urine, Nervous Prostration, Hysterics, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, and all Chronic Weaknesses. Weakness in the Back and Stomach, Faintness